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1 Introduction

The Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database End-User Experience Communications Version 2 Protocol specifies communications between servers that support various end-user experiences, such as online discussions, meeting arrangements, Web-site navigation, and alerts about changed data.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

access control list (ACL)
anonymous user
Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)
GUID
language code identifier (LCID)
object
resource
Unicode
unique identifier (UID)
XML

The following terms are defined in [MS-OFCGLOS]:

12-hour clock notation
24-hour clock notation
alert
alert subscription
alert template
always notify alert
audit flag
back-end database server
base type
calendar type
CAML
Central Administration site
change log
checked out
Collaborative Application Markup Language (CAML)
collation
collation order
column
content database
content type
current user
datetime
default language
default list view
directory name
dirty
return code
root folder
row
rule
scope identifier
security principal
security scope
sequence number
server-relative URL
site
site collection
site collection identifier
site content type
site definition
site identifier
site template
SQL collation name
stored procedure
store-relative form
store-relative URL
Structured Query Language (SQL)
subscription
subsite
system alert
time zone
Transact-Structured Query Language (T-SQL)
Uniform Resource Locator (URL)
user identifier
user name
Web discussion comment
Windows collation name
XML fragment

The following terms are specific to this document:

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the technical documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624, as an additional source.
1.3 Overview

This protocol specifies the communication between the front-end Web server and the back-end content database used in user interaction with the server. The content database stores the data associated with the lists (1) and sites (2). The user sends a request for a certain operation or data to the front-end Web server. The front-end Web server then communicates with the content database to perform this action. This client-to-server protocol uses the protocol described in [MS-TDS] as its transport between the front-end Web server, acting as a client, and the database, acting as a server.

1.3.1 Alerts

The user can request notifications for changes to the content in the server. When the requested document (or other server object (1)) changes, the front-end Web server sends notifications to the user using the e-mail service. The request for notifications, called alert subscriptions, are stored in the server. The front-end Web server receives request to enumerate the alerts (1) for a user, site (2) or list item or modify the alerts (1). The front-end Web server uses the protocol to retrieve the data from the back-end database server and send it to the user. The front-end Web server tries to match alerts (1) with documents (or other server objects (1)) that have changes and...
sends notifications to users. The notifications can be sent immediately or batched together and sent at a particular interval as requested by the user.

1.3.2 E-mail Integration

Users can associate a list (1) with an e-mail alias. The protocol enables the front-end Web server to enumerate all the e-mail aliases associated with a site (2) or all the e-mail aliases stored in the content database.

1.3.3 HTML Translate Cache

The HTML translate cache is used to store Web-viewable versions of files in the back-end database server. For example, it could be used to store an HTML version of a binary file.

1.3.4 Meetings

Users can create calendar events and meetings in a site (2). They are created as list items in a calendar events list (1). Users can enumerate and update these items with new information. They can associate a Meeting Workspace site with each meeting. A Meeting Workspace site is a convenient and centralized place for project collaboration and meeting proceedings. For example, after a meeting, results are published on the Meeting Workspace site. The front-end Web server updates the associated Meeting Workspace site whenever the user updates the meeting. Recurring meetings are meetings that occur periodically over a period of time. There can be exceptions to these meetings. For example, a meeting can occur every week on Monday at 10 A.M. except on the 15th of each month when it occurs at 11 A.M.

1.3.5 Multilingual User Interface

Users can view and edit sites (2) in their preferred language with a quick switch of the language settings. Users can also provide translations for elements created by them, such as lists (1), content types, and navigation nodes. The resources corresponding to the translations for the user created elements are stored in the back-end database server. Available languages are limited by the language packs that are installed.

1.3.6 Navigation Structure

The navigation structure is a hierarchical representation of related Uniform Resource Locators (URLs). Every site (2) has one associated navigation structure. The purpose of the navigation structure is to define and render links to related URLs. Each element in the hierarchy is a navigation node. A navigation node can be based either on the files and folders in the site collection or on literal URL strings. The user can create, enumerate, modify, delete, and organize these navigation nodes in the navigation structure.

1.3.7 Tree View

A site (2) can contain a number of subsites, lists (1), and folders. A tree view is a graphical user interface that provides a hierarchical view of the information. A tree view provides a top-down enumeration of the content in the site (2). Each node can have several subitems. They can be expanded to reveal the subitems and collapsed to hide the subitems. The user can navigate to the containing subsites, lists (1), and folders within a node.
1.3.8 Web Discussions

An important part of collaboration is discussing and reviewing the contents of a document. To enable discussions, the front-end Web server provides the ability for the user to comment on documents. Users can view the comments, modify them, or delete them. The comments are stored in the back-end database server; the front-end Web server uses the protocol to create and manipulate the comments as requested by the user.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The following diagram shows the transport stack that the protocol uses,

![Figure 1: This protocol in relation to other protocols](image)

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The operations described by the protocol operate between a client and a back-end database server on which the databases are stored. The client is expected to know the location and connection information for the databases.

This protocol requires that the protocol client has appropriate permissions to call the stored procedures stored on the back-end database server.

1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol is intended for use by protocol clients and protocol servers that are both connected by high-bandwidth, low-latency network connections.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

- Security and Authentication Methods: This protocol supports the SSPI and SQL Authentication with the Protocol Server role as described in [MS-TDS].

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.
2 Messages

2.1 Transport

The protocol specified in [MS-TDS] is the transport protocol used to call the stored procedures, query SQL tables, return result codes, and return result sets.

2.2 Common Data Types

This section contains common definitions used by this protocol.

2.2.1 Simple Data Types and Enumerations

This section contains common simple data types and enumerations used by this protocol.

2.2.1.1 Alert Delivery Channel

An integer value that specifies the delivery channel of the alert subscription. It MUST be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Delivered as e-mail.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>Delivered as SMS message.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.1.2 Alert Status

An integer value that specifies the status of the alert subscription. It MUST be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>Error</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.1.3 Alert

An integer value that specifies the type of alert subscription. It MUST be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>List (1) alert (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Item alert (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>Custom alert (1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.2.1.4 Meetings Event

An integer value that describes the type of calendar event or meeting. Its value MUST be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>A single nonrecurring calendar event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>A recurring calendar event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>An exception from the recurrence series.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>An exception that has been deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>An exception from the recurrence series&lt;1&gt;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A single instance of a meetings workspace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.1.5 Navigation Node

An integer value that defines whether the navigation node in the navigation structure is based on the document identifier of a document within the site collection or on a literal URL. It MUST be one of the following values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node is based on a document identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node is based on a URL.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.1.6 Notification Frequency

This specifies the frequency of the alert (1) notifications. It is an integer value and MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Immediate alert (1): Notification is fired immediately after a change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Daily alert (1): Notification is fired once per day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>Weekly alert (1): Notification is fired once per week.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.1.7 RecurrenceId

This element contains an identifier specifying a particular instance of a recurring meeting.

2.2.1.8 Sequence

This element contains a sequence or revision number of a meeting instance. This is defined in [RFC2445].
2.2.1.9 **UID**

This element contains a unique identifier specifying a meeting. This MUST be a valid unique identifier (UID) string as used by calendaring objects (1) and defined in [RFC2445]. For a recurring meeting, each meeting instance shares a common UID. To distinguish between these meeting instances, each recurring meeting instance is also assigned a recurrence identifier. This is typically the date on which that meeting instance occurs in the series that was calculated with the time zone of the meeting organizer.

2.2.1.10 **User Resource**

An integer value that specifies whether the user resource has a single line of text or multiple lines of text. It MUST be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Single line text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Multiple lines of text</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.2 **Bit Fields and Flag Structures**

2.2.2.1 **Alert Event Type**

The integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to fire the alert (1) notification. It MUST be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;-1&quot;</td>
<td>All event (2) types.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Items are added.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>Items are modified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;4&quot;</td>
<td>Items are deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;9&quot;</td>
<td>Items are restored.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;4080&quot;</td>
<td>Discussion related.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.2.2 **Special Alert Flags**

This flag specifies whether the alert subscription is an always notify alert or a system alert.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0x40000000&quot;</td>
<td>The alert (1) is an always notify alert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0x20000000&quot;</td>
<td>The alert (1) is a system alert.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.2.2.3 Web Discussion Comment Status Flags

A 2-byte unsigned integer bit mask describing the status of a Web discussion comment, which can have one or more flags set. The values of the Web Discussion Comment Status Flags bits are specified as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0x00000001&quot;</td>
<td>The Web discussion comment is deleted. Protocol servers MUST permanently delete this Web discussion comment if all of its child objects (1) have a Web discussion comment flags value of &quot;0x00000001&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0x00000002&quot;</td>
<td>The Web discussion comment is closed. Protocol clients MUST disable modifications and replies to this item unless the flag &quot;0x00000008&quot; is also set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0x00000004&quot;</td>
<td>The thread beginning at this Web discussion comment is closed. Protocol clients MUST disable modifications and replies to this Web discussion comment, and any of its child Web discussion comments that do not have flag value &quot;0x00000008&quot; set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0x00000008&quot;</td>
<td>This Web discussion comment is active. Protocol clients MUST ignore any flag value of &quot;0x00000002&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.3 Binary Structures

None.

2.2.3.1 Cached Nav Data

The Cached Nav Data structure contains the node structure in the following binary data format:

```
Navigation Node Element Identifier,    
NULL,                                 
Navigation Node Element Identifier of the parent Navigation Node, 
NULL,                                 
Name of the User Resource corresponding to this Navigation Node, 
NULL,                                 
URL of the Navigation Node,            
NULL,                                 
Scope Identifier,                     
NULL,                                 
Security Type,                        
NULL,                                 
Document Store Type of the Document this Navigation Node points to, 
NULL
```

These identifiers are stored as Unicode streams.

Security Type is an integer value that defines the permissions required to see this navigation node. The following are all possible valid values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node is always visible to the user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node requires the user to have permissions to view Web pages in the site (2) that are not in a list (1) or document library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node requires the user to have permissions to view Web pages in the site (2) that are form (1) or list view pages of a list (1) or document library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node requires the user to have permissions to view Web pages in the site (2) that are items in a document library.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.4 Result Sets

2.2.4.1 EmailAliases Result Set

The EmailAliases result set MUST contain e-mail aliases and associated list identifier, site identifier, and site collection identifier. All e-mail aliases returned MUST NOT be NULL. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
tp_EmailAlias           nvarchar(128),
SiteId                  uniqueidentifier,
tp_WebId                uniqueidentifier,
tp_ID                   uniqueidentifier;
```

- **tp_EmailAlias**: The string name of the e-mail alias.
- **SiteId**: The identifier of the site collection to which the e-mail alias belongs.
- **tp_WebId**: The identifier of the site (2) to which the e-mail alias belongs.
- **tp_ID**: The identifier of the list (1) to which the e-mail alias belongs.

2.2.4.2 Nav ACLs Result Set

The Nav ACLs result set returns the access control lists (ACLs) of all the unique security scopes of documents in the navigation structure of the site (2). This result set MUST be returned. The number of rows (3) in this result set depends on the values of @NavParentWebId and @Inherited.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value of @NavParentWebId</th>
<th>Value of @Inherited</th>
<th>Number of rows (3) returned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NULL</td>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>One row (3) for each distinct security scope for the navigation nodes that are different from the security scope of the site (2). If there are no distinct security scopes for the navigation nodes of the site (2) other than the security scope of the site (2) itself, this result set MUST return zero rows (3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NULL</td>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One row (3) for each distinct security scope for the navigation nodes of the site (2) including the security scope of the site (2) itself.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOT NULL</td>
<td>&quot;0&quot;/&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One row (3) for each distinct security scope for the navigation nodes of the site (2), plus one row (3) for each distinct security scope for the navigation nodes of the navigational parent site, plus one row (3) for the security scope of the navigational parent site.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:
ScopeId: The identifier of the security scope.

Acl: The binary serialization of the ACL for this security scope.

AnonymousPermMask: The permissions mask that applies to an anonymous user of the site (2) or a user who has no specific rights for this security scope. The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.2.14.

2.2.4.3 Nav Data Result Set

The Nav Data result set returns information about the specified navigation node. This result set MUST always be returned. If the navigation node specified by @Eid exists for the site (2), this MUST return one row (3); otherwise it MUST return no rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

Eid: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node.

EidParent: The identifier of the parent navigation node.

ElementType: Specifies the navigation node type (section 2.2.1.5) of the navigation node.

{Url}: The URL to which the navigation node points. This value MUST NOT be NULL if the Eid value is not zero.

Name: The display name of the navigation node.

NodeMetainfo: A binary serialization of the metadata for a navigation node in metadict form ([MS-FPSE] section 2.2.2.2.11). This MAY be NULL.

NonNavPage: A bit specifying whether the navigation node is filtered out when rendering the navigation structure. If the bit is set to "1", the navigation node SHOULD be filtered out<2>. If it is set to zero ("0"), it MUST NOT be filtered out.

NavSequence: A bit specifying whether the navigation node represents a link bar. If this navigation node represents a link bar, this bit MUST be set to "1"; otherwise it MUST be set to zero.

ChildOfSequence: A bit specifying whether the navigation node is a child navigation node of a link bar. If it is, this bit MUST be set to "1"; otherwise it MUST be set to zero.

DateLastModified: The time in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) when the navigation node information was last modified.
2.2.4.4 Nav Children Result Set

The Nav Children result set returns the navigation node element identifier of all the child objects (1) of the navigation node. This result set MUST be returned, and it MUST contain one row (3) for each navigation node that is a child of the specified navigation node. If the navigation node has no child objects (1), this MUST return no rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
Eid int;
```

**Eid**: The navigation node element identifier of the child navigation node.

2.2.5 Tables and Views

2.2.5.1 AllUserData Table

Specified in [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2.

2.2.5.2 UserInfo Table

Specified in [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.10.

2.2.6 XML Structures

None.

2.2.6.1 Namespaces

None.

2.2.6.2 Simple Types

None.

2.2.6.3 Complex Types

None.

2.2.6.4 Elements

None.

2.2.6.5 Attributes

None.

2.2.6.6 Groups

None.

2.2.6.7 Attribute Groups

None.
3 Protocol Details

3.1 Common Details

3.2 Back-end Database Server Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The descriptions, in sections 3.1.4.x, of the parameters for stored procedures and the fields (3) of result sets imply the kinds and types of data that are stored by the front-end Web servers and back-end database servers. In particular, note the following:

- The back-end database server stores an integer, for each site (2), that expresses the number of days to extend or reduce the current month in Hijri calendars.

3.2.1.1 Alerts

An alert subscription is a persistent request on the server for notifications, or alerts (1), that a particular document or list (1) has been modified. The user can also request notifications only for certain kinds of modifications. For example, an alert (1) can be requested if the value of a specific field (3) changes to a particular value, or if the modifier of the item is a specific user. The alert subscription contains the information that determines when to generate a notification, and how to deliver the notification. When a document or a list item changes, the server checks whether an alert subscription is present for this change. If the server finds a matching alert subscription, then it sends an e-mail notification to the user.

Each alert subscription has a GUID and a user associated with it. In addition, it has the site (2), Web, list (1), and item information required to identify the object (1) for whose changes the user has requested notification. The protocol allows for enumeration of alert subscriptions associated with a user or Web. When the front-end Web server receives a request to modify or delete the alert subscription, it uses the protocol to perform the action on the back-end database server. There are two kinds of alert subscriptions: immediate and scheduled. The server sends alert (1) notifications for immediate alert subscriptions as soon as the changes occur; notifications for scheduled alert subscriptions are sent at the requested time as specified by the Notification Frequency in the alert subscription.

The changes to the objects (1) are stored as events (2) in a change log. The server matches the events (2) in the change log with the list (1) of immediate and scheduled alert subscriptions and sends notifications for events (2) that match alert subscriptions.

3.2.1.2 HTML Translate Cache

The HTML translate cache is used to store Web-viewable versions of files. Because many files have the ability to contain other files, such as a binary file containing images, the HTML version of a single original file often is a collection of multiple files. The core file for a set of translated files is called the main file. The other files, such as an embedded image file, are supporting files.
Files are retrieved from the HTML translate cache by specifying the directory name and leaf name of the original file as well as the name of the translated file. The name of the translation of the main file can be retrieved using proc_HTGuidFromOrig (section 3.2.5.38). The names of the translated versions of the supporting files cannot be retrieved from the HTML translate cache and so they MUST either be recorded or they MUST be derivable from the requesting URL.

Here is an example of a system where a translated name for a supporting file can be derived from the URL. The URL to the main file is:

<Any Unique Path>/~/<Main File TransName>

Because the name of the translated main file can be retrieved using proc_HTGuidFromOrig, the knowledge of the path to the original file is sufficient to render that URL. The name for the translated main file is <GUID>/HtmlView.htm.

The GUID is generated when the translated files are placed into the HTML translate cache, but is not recorded by the user of the cache. The name for the translated supporting file is:

<GUID>/<Subfolder Name>/<Supporting File Leaf Name>

Subfolder Name is a subfolder name supplied by the component that performed the translation to HTML, and all links to supporting files within the main file are relative links of the form (1):

<Subfolder Name>/<Supporting File Leaf Name>.

The browser, when it sees a link to a supporting file while parsing the main file, will use the relative link within the main file to construct a request to the server with the URL:

<Any Unique Path>/~/<Main File TransName>/<Subfolder Name>/Supporting File Leaf Name>

Looking at the preceding example, one can see that the name for the translated supporting file is the part of the path after the tilde. Thus, all the files can be retrieved using proc_HTGuidFromOrig and proc_HTGetFile (section 3.2.5.37) without need for the front-end Web server recording the name of any of the translated files.

3.2.1.3 Meetings

Users can create calendar events and meetings in a site. They are stored as list items inside a list that is of base type Events. The meeting time, location, the title of the meeting, attendees and other information pertaining to the meeting are stored in the list item in the back-end database server. Each meeting is uniquely identified by a UID. Meetings can also be created as recurring meetings. The recurrence series is specified by the recurrence data that is expressed in XML format ([MS-OUTSPS], section 2.2.4.2 and section 2.2.4.5). The recurring meeting is stored as a single item in the containing list, and it contains the recurrence data. Each instance of a recurring meeting is identified by the RecurrenceId. Exceptions can be created for recurring meetings. An exception is a single appointment that overrides one instance of a recurring appointment. The start date-time of the overridden instance is the replacement date-time of the exception. Any property of a recurrence that is missing from an exception is assumed to have the same value as other instances of the recurrence. This means an exception with no location to a recurrence with location="xyz" has a location "xyz". All properties of an exception override properties of a recurrence. Exceptions are in the time zone of the recurrence they belong to. Each exception is stored separately in the back-end database server. A Meeting Workspace site can be associated with each meeting. A Meeting Workspace site can be associated with multiple single instance meetings or one recurring meeting.
3.2.1.4 Multilingual User Interface

Multilingual User Interface allows users to view and edit sites in their preferred language. Users can also provide translations for customized and new application content, such as list title, list description, content type name, and navigation node name. These translations are called user resources and are stored in back-end database server. User resources for elements associated with a specific list, such as list title, and list field, are considered list scoped while those not associated with any list, such as navigation nodes and site content types, are site scoped.

When rendering a Web page in the user's preferred language that is different from the site’s default language, all user resources necessary for rendering that page are fetched by making calls to proc_EnumResourcesAtScope (section 3.2.5.11) for each site and list that have information about the Web page.

The translations for user resources for a site and all lists in the site can be done in bulk. All such user resources are fetched using proc_GetResourcesAtScope (section 3.2.5.25) and the translated values are set using proc_SetSecondaryResourceAtScope (section 3.2.5.58).

3.2.1.5 Navigation Structure

The navigation structure is a hierarchical representation of related URLs. Each element in the hierarchy is a navigation node. A navigation node can be based on either the files and folders in the site collection or the literal URL strings. Each navigation node MUST have a unique navigation node element identifier for itself, a navigation node element identifier pointing to its parent in the hierarchy, a display name, a bit representing whether it is a link bar, and a bit representing whether it SHOULD be hidden when rendering. A navigation node can also have metadata associated with it.

Every site MUST have a navigation node with its element identifier as zero. This node MUST be the root of the hierarchical representation.

When adding navigation nodes, temporary identifiers for navigation node elements can be used. Identifiers for navigation node elements from 1 to 999 MUST be considered temporary by the back-end database server. All calls to add, move, or update navigation nodes using temporary identifiers for navigation node elements MUST contain a base value. This MUST be obtained by a call to proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId (section 3.2.5.46). The base value MUST be used to generate valid identifiers for navigation nodes from the temporary identifiers for navigation node elements.

Calls from the front-end Web server to the back-end database server to add, move, update, and delete navigation nodes can be batched together into a single transaction. In that case, a single call to proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId (section 3.2.5.46) MUST be made first, and the @EidBase output parameter MUST be used as the base value for all subsequent calls in the batch.

The navigation node with navigation node element identifier "1000" MUST NOT be a child of a link bar and MUST point to the home page of the site. If a new navigation node pointing to the home page of the site and of navigation node type zero is not being added as a child of a link bar, its navigation node element identifier MUST be changed to "1000". If this add is being done as part of a batch, the navigation node element identifier that would have been generated for this Node MUST be returned as the @EidHome output parameter for proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByDocId (section 3.2.5.44) and proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByUrl (section 3.2.5.45). This parameter MUST be used by all following SQL queries in the batch, as the @EidHome parameter for proc_NavStructMoveNode (section 3.2.5.50) and proc_PutWebNavStructNode (section 3.2.5.53) and as the @EidHome parameter for proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByDocId (section 3.2.5.44) and proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByUrl (section 3.2.5.45).

[MS-WSSEUX3] — v20120630
Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database End-User Experience Communications Version 3 Protocol Specification

Copyright © 2012 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 16, 2012
A part of the navigation structure of a site (2) can be inherited by its subsites. This part is referred to as the **inheritable navigation structure**. Particular parts of the navigation structure and the inheritable navigation structure can be cached for faster access.

3.2.1.6 **TreeView**

Data in the site (2) is stored in a hierarchical manner. A site (2) can contain subsites, lists (1), and document libraries. Lists (1) and document libraries can contain folders. A folder can contain other folders inside it. The Tree View tries to present a graphical representation of this structure. The protocol enables the front-end Web server to retrieve data according to the hierarchy.

3.2.1.7 **Web Discussions**

The protocol enables the user to comment and discuss documents stored on the server. The comments are stored in the back-end database server. They are not part of the document. Each of the comments has an identifier and is associated with a document. Other information stored in the server include the author of the comment, the date of last modification, and a client specified bookmark that enables the client to place the comment in the right position in the document. In the case of threaded discussions, comments have a parent comment associated with them. The parent comment is identified through its identifier that is stored in the reply.

3.2.2 **Timers**

An execution timeout timer on the protocol server governs the execution time for any requests. The amount of time is specified by a timeout value that is configured on the protocol server for all connections.

3.2.3 **Initialization**

A connection that uses the underlying protocol layers that are specified in Section 1.4 MUST be established before using this protocol as specified in [MS-TDS].

3.2.4 **Higher-Layer Triggered Events**

None.

3.2.5 **Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules**

The T-SQL syntax for each stored procedure and result set, and the variables they are composed of, is defined in the [MSDN-TSQL-Ref] protocol. In the T-SQL syntax, the variable name is followed by the type of the variable that can optionally have a length value in brackets and can optionally have a default value indicated by an equals sign followed by the default value. Unless otherwise specified, all stored procedures defined in this section are located in the content database.

For definitional clarity, a name has been assigned to any column (1) in the result sets that do not have a defined name in their current implementation. This does not affect the operation of the result set, as the ordinal position of any column (1) with no defined name is expected by the front-end Web server. Such names are designated in the text using curly braces in the form (1) {name}.

3.2.5.1 **proc_AddDocComment**

The **proc_AddDocComment** stored procedure is called to add a Web discussion comment to a document. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:
PROCEDURE proc_AddDocComment(
  @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
  @DocFullUrl nvarchar(260),
  @ParentId int,
  @CommentId nvarchar(255),
  @Bookmark nvarchar(127),
  @Author nvarchar(255),
  @Subject nvarchar(255),
  @Status smallint,
  @Comment nvarchar(max),
  @Size int,
  @UserId int,
  @UserTitle nvarchar(255),
  @Created datetime,
  @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the specified document.

@DocFullUrl: The store-relative URL to the document.

@ParentId: The identifier of the Web discussion comment being replied to. If this Web discussion comment is not a reply, this SHOULD be zero ("0")<3>

@CommentId: A protocol client specified identifier for the Web discussion comment.

@Bookmark: A protocol client specified reference to the place in the document to which this Web discussion comment refers.

@Author: A protocol client specified name for the user that is adding this Web discussion comment.

@Subject: The subject of this Web discussion comment. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

@Status: A Web Discussion Comment Status Flag (section 2.2.2.3) that indicates the status of a Web discussion comment.

@Comment: The body text of the Web discussion comment. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

@Size: The size in bytes of this Web discussion comment that is available for use in quota management. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

@UserId: A user identifier for the user adding the Web discussion comment.

@UserTitle: The display name of the user that is adding this Web discussion comment.

@Created: The time in UTC when this Web discussion comment was created. If this is NULL, the database server MUST use the current time in UTC.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>The document was not found in the specified site collection or @SiteId was NULL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;212&quot;</td>
<td>The specified site collection has been locked and writes are disallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1816&quot;</td>
<td>The quota for the specified site collection has been exceeded.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST return zero or one result sets as defined in the following subsection.

### 3.2.5.1.1 AddDocComment Result Set

The **AddDocComment** result set returns information about the Web discussion comment that was added. If the return code is zero ("0"), the **AddDocComment** result set MUST be returned and MUST contain one row (3). If the return code is nonzero, the protocol server SHOULD NOT return this result set, but if returned, the protocol client MUST ignore it. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
{Created}              datetime,
{Id}                   int;
```

**{Created}:** The time in UTC when this Web discussion comment was added.

**{Id}:** The identifier of the newly added Web discussion comment.

### 3.2.5.2 proc_AddSubscription

The **proc_AddSubscription** stored procedure is called to add an alert (1). A list (1) level alert (1) is an alert (1) that is triggered for changes to any list item in a list (1) or when new list items are added to the list (1). An item level alert (1) is an alert (1) that is triggered for changes to a single list item for which an alert (1) was created. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_AddSubscription(
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @NotifyFreq               int,
    @NotifyTime               datetime,
    @NotifyTimeUTC            datetime,
    @Status                   tinyint,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @ItemId                   int,
    @EventType                int,
    @UserId                   int,
    @SiteUrl                  nvarchar(136),
    @WebUrl                   nvarchar(256),
    @WebTitle                 nvarchar(255),
    @WebLanguage              int,
    @WebLocale                int,
    @WebTimeZone              smallint,
    @WebTime24                bit,
    @WebCalendarType          smallint,
    @WebAdjustHijriDays       smallint,
    @ListUrl                  nvarchar(256),
    @ListTitle                nvarchar(255),
    @ListBaseType             int,
    @ListServerTemplate       int,
    @AlertTitle               nvarchar(1000),
    @AlertType                int,
);  
```
@AlertTemplateName        nvarchar(256),
@Filter                   nvarchar(4000),
@BinaryFilter             varbinary(1024),
@Properties               nvarchar(max),
@ItemDocUrl               nvarchar(260),
@ItemDocId                uniqueidentifier,
@DeliveryChannel          int,
@Max                      int,
@NewSubId                 uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT,
@UserEmail                nvarchar(255) = NULL OUTPUT,
@ItemName                 nvarchar(255) = NULL OUTPUT,
@RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
)

@SiteId: The site collection identifier for the site collection in which the list (1) or item exists. @SiteId MUST be a GUID and MUST NOT be NULL.

@NotifyFreq: A notification frequency type (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies an integer indicating the frequency of the alert (1) notification.

@NotifyTime: The time, in local time for the site (2) in which the list (1) or item exists, at which the alert (1) is supposed to fire. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@NotifyTimeUTC: The time in UTC at which the alert (1) is supposed to fire. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@Status: An alert (1) status type (section 2.2.1.2) that specifies an integer indicating the status of the alert subscription.

@WebId: The site identifier for the site (2) in which the list (1) or item exist. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@ListId: The list identifier for a list (1) level alert (1) or the list (1) containing the list item for an item level alert (1). This MUST NOT be NULL.

@ItemId: The identifier of the list item for an item level alert (1). This MUST NOT be NULL if the alert (1) type (section 2.2.1.3) of the alert subscription is an item type and MUST be NULL if the alert (1) type of the alert subscription is a list (1) type.

@EventType: An alert (1) event (2) type (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies an integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to fire the notification.

@UserId: The user identifier of the user for whom the alert (1) is created. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@SiteUrl: The URL of the site collection in which the list (1) exists.

@WebUrl: The URL of the site (2) in which the list (1) exists.

@WebTitle: The title of the site (2) in which the list (1) or item exists.

@WebLanguage: The language code identifier (LCID) of the display language of the site (2) containing the list (1). This MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebLocale: An integer representing the LCID of the site (2) locale. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebTimeZone: The time zone identifier for the time zone to be used when displaying time values for this site (2). This MUST NOT be NULL.
@WebTime24: A Boolean indicating if the Time is in a 24-hour clock notation format or a 12-hour clock notation format. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebCalendarType: The calendar type for the site (2). This MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebAdjustHijriDays: The number of days to extend or reduce the current month in Hijri calendars on the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@ListUrl: The URL of the list (1).

@ListTitle: The title of the list (1).

@ListBaseType: The base type of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. See [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.3.11.

@ListServerTemplate: The list template of the list (1). See [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.3.12 for details.

@AlertTitle: The title of the alert (1) for display in UI.

@AlertType: An integer whose lower 8 bits specifies the type of the alert (1), as specified in section 2.2.1.3. This MUST also contain the special alert flags (section 2.2.2.2) for an always notify alert or a system alert. AlertType is split to AlertTypeTiny, AlwaysNotifyBit and SystemBit. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@AlertTemplateName: The name of the alert template that is used for formatting the notification.

@Filter: The XML query filter used to further filter out results from the matching events (2) for the list (1) and list item.

@BinaryFilter: An implementation-specific binary format of the filter specified by the @Filter parameter.

@Properties: An XML blob representing the properties of the alert (1).

@ItemDocUrl: The store-relative URL of the list item for which the alert (1) is being added.

@ItemDocId: The identifier of the list item in the Docs view.

@DeliveryChannel: Specifies the delivery channel for the alert subscription as defined by section 2.2.1.1.

@Max: The maximum number of alerts (1) allowed in a content database.

@NewSubId: The GUID of the alert (1) that was added returned as an output parameter.

@UserEmail: The e-mail address of the user who receives notifications returned as an output parameter.

@ItemName: The name of the item for item level alerts (1) returned as an output parameter.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:
### 3.2.5.3 proc_AddUserResource

The **proc_AddUserResource** stored procedure is called to add a user resource string. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_AddUserResource (
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @ResourceName             nvarchar(520),
    @ResourceCategory         int,
    @BitType                  bit,
    @LCID                     int,
    @NVarCharVal              nvarchar(256),
    @NtextVal                 nvarchar(max)
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@WebId:** The identifier of the site (2) that contains the user resource string. It MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ListId:** The identifier of the list (1) that contains the user resource string. If the resource string does not belong to a list (1), it MUST be an empty GUID. It MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ResourceName:** The name of the user resource string. It MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ResourceCategory:** The category of the user resource string. It MUST be one of the following values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Constraint on the @ResourceName</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is defined by the end user.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST begin with a digit or alphabetic letter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is for the title of the site (2) specified by @WebId.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;.WebTitle&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is for the description of the site (2) specified by @WebId.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;.WebDescription&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is for the title of the list (1) specified by @ListId.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;.ListTitle&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;4&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is for</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;.ListDescription&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Constraint on the @ResourceName</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the description of the list (1) specified by @ListId.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;5&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is for the title of a navigation node.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST begin with the string &quot;_NavNode&quot; and then be followed by the string representation of the navigation node element identifier. For example, if the navigation node element identifier is &quot;1002&quot;, its value is &quot;_NavNode1002&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@BitType: Type of the resource as defined in user resource type (section 2.2.10). It MUST NOT be NULL.

@LCID: The LCID for the user resource string. It MUST NOT be NULL.

@NVarCharVal: The value of the user resource string to be added when @BitType is zero ("0"). It MUST be NULL when @BitType is "1".

@NtextVal: The value of the user resource string to be added when @BitType is "1". It MUST be NULL when @BitType is zero ("0").

Return values: Returns an integer that MUST be zero.

Result sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.4 proc_CheckMeetingInstance

The `proc_CheckMeetingInstance` stored procedure is called to determine whether a given meeting instance exists in the Meeting Workspace site and is instantiated. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_CheckMeetingInstance(
    @SiteId                  uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @ReturnSeriesItem        bit,
    @InstanceID              int,
    @IsInstantiated          bit OUTPUT,
    @DTStartUTC              datetime OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid             uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: Specifies the site collection identifier for the site collection. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebId: The identifier of an instance of a Meeting Workspace site. @WebId MUST NOT be NULL.

@ReturnSeriesItem: Specifies whether or not to return the meeting series item as a result set. Zero ("0") means that no result set is returned.

@InstanceID: Specifies the identifier of the meeting instance to be checked. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@IsInstantiated: Specifies if the meeting is instantiated. Zero ("0") means that the meeting is not instantiated; "1" means that the meeting is instantiated. This value is filled and returned to the caller.

@DTStartUTC: Specifies the start date of the meeting, in UTC. This value is filled and returned to the caller.
**@RequestGuid**: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values**: Returns an integer that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion. The meeting instance exists and is instantiated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| "2"   | Three possible failure conditions:  
  - Meeting instance found, but not instantiated.  
  - Meeting instance is a valid instance of the recurring meeting but not instantiated and ReturnSeriesItem equals zero ("0").  
  - No valid meeting calendar event data found. |
| "13"  | Unable to retrieve the meeting list (1). Output parameters @IsInstantiated and @DTStartUTC are NULL. |

**Result Sets**: MUST return a single result set on success when all of the following are true:

- The ReturnSeriesItem parameter is set to "1".
- The meeting instance is a recurring calendar event.
- The meeting instance is not already instantiated.

### 3.2.5.4.1 Meeting Event Result Set

**proc_CheckMeetingInstance** returns a result set that MUST contain one item that is the meeting item that represents a series. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
bit3               bit,  
tp_InstanceID      int,  
int1               int,  
uniqueidentifier1  uniqueidentifier,  
datetime3          datetime,  
datetime1          datetime,  
datetime2          datetime,  
int2               int,  
ntext1             ntext,  
ntext2             ntext,  
ntext3             ntext,  
datetime5          datetime,  
int3               int;
```

For more details about the columns (1) in the **AllUserData** table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2.

- **bit3**: Specifies whether this is a standalone or recurring meeting. Zero ("0") means a standalone meeting, and "1" means a recurring meeting. Because this stored procedure is for a recurring meeting, this field (3) MUST be "1" for the row (3) returned.
- **tp_InstanceID**: The identifier for this meeting instance. For an instance of a recurring meeting, this is the beginning date of the meeting in UTC. For the default instance of a recurring meeting this
field (3) is zero ("0"). Because the result set returned is always for the default instance of a recurring meeting associated with the specified Meeting Workspace site, this MUST return a zero.

**int1**: Specifies the calendar event type for this meeting as defined by the meetings calendar event type (section 2.2.1.4). By definition this field (3) is "1" in the row (3) returned, indicating a recurring calendar event.

**uniqueidentifier1**: Specifies the unique identifier for this meeting series.

**datetime3**: Specifies the recurrence identifier of the meeting instance. For a recurring meeting instance, this is the beginning date of the meeting series in UTC. For a meeting instance exception, this is the original starting **datetime** of the meeting instance in UTC. For the default meeting instance or standalone meetings, this field (3) is NULL. Because the result set returned by this stored procedure is always for the default instance of a recurring meeting associated with the specified Meeting Workspace site, this field (3) MUST return a NULL.

**datetime1**: The start date for this meeting instance in UTC.

**datetime2**: The end date for this meeting instance in UTC. For the default instance of a recurring meeting associated with the specified Meeting Workspace site that is returned by this stored procedure, this field (3) is set to the maximum SQL datetime.

**int2**: Specifies the duration of a meeting instance, in the recurring meeting series, in seconds.

**ntext1**: For the default meeting instance, this is the **XML fragment** describing the recurrence rule for the recurring meeting series.

**ntext2**: This returns any recurrence rule specified for the recurring meeting.

**ntext3**: This property returns a rule (2) or repeating pattern defined for an exception to the specified recurring meeting.

**datetime5**: If the series has been suppressed, this is the date until which it has been suppressed. When this field (3) is NULL it indicates that the series has not been suppressed.

**int3**: The time zone identifier used when creating this meeting.

### 3.2.5.5 proc_CheckNavStructContainsPage

The **proc_CheckNavStructContainsPage** stored procedure is called to determine if a document in a site (2) exists in the navigation structure of the site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_CheckNavStructContainsPage(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @DirName nvarchar(256),
    @LeafName nvarchar(128),
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId**: The site collection identifier for a site collection that contains the specified document.

**@DirName**: The directory name of the requested document in store-relative form. If the requested document is in the root directory, the value MUST be an empty string (1).

**@LeafName**: The leaf name of the requested document in store-relative form.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>The document does not exist in the navigation structure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>The document exists in the navigation structure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.6 proc_DeleteSubscription

The proc_DeleteSubscription stored procedure is called to delete an alert (1). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_DeleteSubscription(
    @SiteId                 uniqueidentifier,
    @SubId                  uniqueidentifier,
    @UserId                 int,
    @RequestGuid            uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: Specifies the site collection identifier for the site collection. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@SubId: Specifies the identifier of the alert subscription. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@UserId: The user identifier for the user for whom the alert (1) has been created.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;31&quot;</td>
<td>General Error</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.7 proc_DeleteSubscriptionJunctionEntries

The proc_DeleteSubscriptionJunctionEntries stored procedure is called to clean up junction entries for up to 256 alert subscription indentifiers after the relevant alerts (1), either immediate or scheduled, have been reported via e-mail. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_DeleteSubscriptionJunctionEntries(
    @f001              uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @SiteId001         uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @f002              uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @SiteId002         uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @f003              uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @SiteId003         uniqueidentifier = NULL,
);
```
@f004 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId004 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f005 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId005 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f006 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId006 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f007 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId007 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f008 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId008 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f009 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId009 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f010 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
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@f028 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
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@SiteId033  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f034     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
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@f146 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId146 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f147 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId210  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f211     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId211 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f212     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId212 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f213     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
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@SiteId234 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f235     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId235 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f236     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId236 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f237     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId237 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f238     uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@fnnn: The alert subscription identifier for which the alert subscription data is to be deleted.

@SiteIdnnn The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: The stored procedure MUST return an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.8 proc_EnumDoclibsFileDlg

The proc_EnumDoclibsFileDlg stored procedure is called to enumerate certain properties of document library items in a given site (2) of the specified site collection. These properties are described in sections 3.2.5.8.1 and 3.2.5.8.2.

The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_EnumDoclibsFileDlg(
    @SiteId
        uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @RequestGuid
        uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
@SiteId: The GUID of the site collection.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) containing the requested document libraries.

@Collation: A Windows collation name string identifier that follows the format for the T-SQL COLLATE clause. This MUST be the collation name of one of the valid collation order values, with the case-insensitive and accent-sensitive flags set. For example, the default collation order is "25", Latin1_General, which has a SQL collation name string of "Latin1_General_CI_AS" with the case-insensitive and accent-sensitive flags set.

The results in the result set are ordered on the tp_Title column (1) using this collation.

@GetTemplate: A bit flag that specifies whether the result set should include document templates associated with the library. A value of "1" specifies that Templates MUST be included.

@OnlyLibsWithTemplates: A bit flag (zero ("0") or "1") that specifies whether the result set should include only document libraries that have an associated template. A value of "1" specifies the result set MUST include only libraries that have an associated template.

@IncludeSubWebs: A bit flag (zero ("0") or "1") that indicates whether the result set should return properties of document libraries or properties of document libraries within subsites of the site (2) specified by @WebId. A value of "1" specifies that the result set MUST include only properties of subsites. A value of zero specifies that the result set MUST include only properties of document libraries.

@Scopes: A binary blob containing a concatenation of one or more GUIDs, represented as 16-byte binary strings with no delimiters. These 16-byte fragments MUST be convertible to uniqueidentifiers. There can be any number of 16-byte fragments in the image. If the value is NULL or this parameter is not specified, all scopes are included. The results in the result set are restricted to document libraries and subsites matching these GUID values.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: Returns one of the result sets listed in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Returned Result Set</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>@GetTemplate = &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One EnumerationWithTemplates result set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@GetTemplate = &quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>One EnumerationWithoutTemplates result set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2.5.8.1 EnumerationWithTemplates Result Set

The EnumerationWithTemplates result set contains certain properties of document libraries in a site (2).
This result set MUST contain one or more rows (3) if there are matches for the specified parameters, and MUST contain zero rows (3) if there were no matches for the specified parameters.

The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
    tp_RootFolder    nvarchar(386),
Docs#Template#FullUrl nvarchar(386),
    tp_Title         nvarchar(255),
    tp_Description   ntext,
    tp_ImageUrl      nvarchar(255));
```

**tp_RootFolder:** The store-relative URL of the root folder of the document library. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**Docs#Template#FullUrl:** The full store-relative URL for the Template if applicable. If @IncludeSubWebs is "1", this value MUST be NULL.

**tp_Title:** The title of the document library. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**tp_Description:** The description of the document library. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**tp_ImageUrl:** The store-relative URL of an image icon used to represent the document library. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

### 3.2.5.8.2 EnumerationWithoutTemplates Result Set

The **EnumerationWithoutTemplates** result set contains certain properties of document libraries in a site (2).

This result set MUST contain one or more rows (3) if there are matches for the specified parameters, and MUST contain zero rows (3) if there were no matches for the specified parameters.

The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
    tp_RootFolder    nvarchar(386),
    tp_Title         nvarchar(255),
    tp_Description   ntext,
    tp_ImageUrl      nvarchar(255);
```

**tp_RootFolder:** The store-relative URL of the root folder of the document library. This value MUST not be NULL.

**tp_Title:** The title of the document library. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**tp_Description:** The description of the document library. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**tp_ImageUrl:** The store-relative URL of an image icon used to represent the document library. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

### 3.2.5.9 proc_EnumEmailAliases

The **proc_EnumEmailAliases** stored procedure is called to retrieve all of the e-mail aliases in the content database. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:
PROCEDURE proc_EnumEmailAliases();

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return a single EmailAliases result set as defined in section 2.2.4.1.

3.2.5.10 proc_EnumEmailAliasesBySite

The proc_EnumEmailAliasesBySite stored procedure is called to retrieve all of the e-mail aliases from the specified site collection. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_EnumEmailAliasesBySite(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier
);@SiteId: The GUID of the site collection

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return a single EmailAliases result set as defined in section 2.2.4.1.

3.2.5.11 proc_EnumResourcesAtScope

The proc_EnumResourcesAtScope stored procedure is called to retrieve the resources for a given locale for a list (1) or site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_EnumResourcesAtScope ( @WebId uniqueidentifier, @ListId uniqueidentifier, @LCID int );

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) containing the requested resources.

@ListId: The identifier of the list (1) containing the requested resources, if the resources are scoped to the list (1). If the resources are scoped to the site (2), ListId MUST be null.

@LCID: The LCID of the locale of the requested resources. This MUST NOT be NULL.

Return values: MUST return an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: This MUST return an EnumResAtScopeResultSet result set.

3.2.5.11.1 EnumResAtScopeResultSet Result Set

The EnumResAtScopeResultSet result set returns a list (1) of resources for the given list (1) or site (2). The number of rows (3) is equal to the number of resources at the given list (1) or site (2). The EnumResValueLangResultSet result set is defined by T-SQL syntax as follows:

ResourceName nvarchar(520) NOT NULL,
BitType bit NOT NULL,
BitDirty bit NOT NULL,
{NvarcharVal} nvarchar(256) NULL,
ResourceName: The name of the resource.

BitType: This MUST be zero ("0") if the resource is a single line or less, and MUST be "1" if the resource is more than a single line. If BitType is zero ("0"), NtextVal MUST be NULL. If BitType is "1", NvarcharVal MUST be NULL.

BitDirty: This value is "1" if the resource is dirty, zero ("0") otherwise.

NvarcharVal: The text of the resource if BitType is zero ("0"). Otherwise, it MUST be NULL. Either this or NvarcharVal MUST be NULL.

NtextVal: The text of the resource if BitType is "1". Otherwise, it MUST be NULL. Either this or NtextVal MUST be NULL.

3.2.5.12 proc_EnumResourceValuesForAllLangs

Enumerates all localized versions of a specified resource. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_EnumResourceValuesForAllLangs (
    @WebId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId                  uniqueidentifier,
    @ResourceName            nvarchar(520)
); 
```

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) containing the requested resource.

@ListId: The identifier of the list (1) containing the resource if the resource is scoped to the list (1). If the resource is scoped to the site (2), ListId MUST be NULL.

@ResourceName: The name of the resource.

Return values: MUST return an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: This MUST return an EnumResValueLangResultSet result set.

3.2.5.12.1 EnumResValueLangResultSet Result Set

The EnumResValueLangResultSet result set is defined by T-SQL syntax as follows:

```sql
BitDirty               bit NOT NULL,
LCID                   int NOT NULL,
{NvarcharVal}          nvarchar(256) NULL,
{NtextVal}             nvarchar(max) NULL;
```

BitDirty: This value is "1" if the resource is dirty, zero otherwise.

LCID: The LCID of the resource.

NvarcharVal: The text of the resource if it is one line or less in length. Otherwise, it MUST be NULL. Either this or NTextVal MUST be NULL.
3.2.5.13 proc_EnumSubscribedSites

The proc_EnumSubscribedSites stored procedure is called to enumerate the sites (2) that have been subscribed for alerts (1). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_EnumSubscribedSites(
    @NotifyFreq       int,
    @bAlwaysNotify    bit,
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@NotifyFreq: A notification frequency type (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies an integer indicating the frequency of the alert (1) notification.

@bAlwaysNotify: A bit that indicates whether the alert (1) is an always notify alert.

@RequestGuid: Optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: MUST return an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set as defined in the following subsection.

3.2.5.13.1 SubscribedSites Result Set

The SubscribedSites result set returns the list (1) of site identifiers that have been subscribed. The SubscribedSites result set contains zero or more rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
SiteId                uniqueidentifier;
```

SiteId: The site identifier for the site (2).

3.2.5.14 proc_GetAlertsSqmData

The proc_GetAlertsSqmData stored procedure is called to retrieve the number of alerts (1) in the content database. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetAlertsSqmData(
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code. The protocol client MUST ignore the return code returned by the proc_GetAlertsSqmData stored procedure.

Result Sets: MUST return a single row (3) result set.
3.2.5.14.1 AlertsSqmdaData Result Set

The AlertsSqmdaData result set contains the number of alerts (1) in the content database. The AlertsSqmdaData result set MUST contain one row (3) of five columns (1). The AlertsSqmdaData result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```sql
NumImmedAlerts    int NOT NULL,
NumSchedAlerts    int NOT NULL,
NumAlertsItem     int NOT NULL,
NumAlertsList     int NOT NULL,
NumAlertsCustom   int NOT NULL;
```

**NumImmedAlerts**: The number of immediate alerts (1). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**NumSchedAlerts**: The number of scheduled alerts (1). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**NumAlertsItem**: The number of alerts (1) of type Item alert (section 2.2.1.3). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**NumAlertsList**: The number of alerts (1) of type List alert (section 2.2.1.3). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**NumAlertsCustom**: The number of alerts (1) of type Custom alert (section 2.2.1.3). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

3.2.5.15 proc_GetDefaultMtgInstance

The proc_GetDefaultMtgInstance stored procedure is called to return a result set of all meeting instances tied to the supplied Meeting Workspace site. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetDefaultMtgInstance(
    @SiteId                  uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid             uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId**: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@WebId**: The identifier of an instance of a Meeting Workspace site.

**@RequestGuid**: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values**: An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion. Result set MUST have one or more records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;13&quot;</td>
<td>No meetings list (1) was found on the workspace specified by @WebId.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets**: MUST return one result set on successful completion.
3.2.5.15.1 Default Meeting Instance Result Set

The DefaultMeetingInstance result set contains the properties of the meeting instance.

The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
bit3                          bit,
tp_InstanceID                 int,
int1                          int,
uniqueidentifier1             uniqueidentifier,
datetime3                     datetime,
datetime1                     datetime,
datetime2                     datetime,
int2                          int,
ntext1                        ntext,
ntext2                        ntext,
ntext3                        ntext,
datetime5                     datetime,
int3                          int;
```

For more details about the columns (1) in the AllUserData table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2.

**bit3**: Specifies whether this is a standalone or recurring meeting. Zero ("0") means a standalone meeting, and "1" means a recurring meeting.

**tp_InstanceID**: Specifies the identifier for this meeting instance in the Meeting Workspace site. For a recurring meeting instance, this is the start date of the meeting in UTC. For the default meeting instance, this field (3) is zero. For standalone meetings, this field (3) is "1" for the first instance and is incremented by one for every additional standalone meeting associated with the same Meeting Workspace site.

**int1**: Specifies the calendar event type for this meeting as defined in section 2.2.1.4.

**uniqueidentifier1**: Specifies the unique identifier for this meeting series.

**datetime3**: Specifies the recurrence identifier of the meeting instance in UTC. For a recurring meeting instance, this is the start date of the meeting series. For a meeting instance exception, this is the original starting datetime of the meeting instance. For the default meeting instance or standalone meetings, this field (3) MUST be NULL.

**datetime1**: Specifies the start date for this meeting instance in UTC.

**datetime2**: The end datetime for this meeting instance in UTC. For the default meeting instance tied to a Meeting Workspace site, this is set to the maximum SQL datetime.

**int2**: Specifies the duration of a meeting instance, in seconds. For recurring meetings tied to Meeting Workspace sites, only the default instance of a recurring meeting has the **duration** field (3) set to the duration of an instance in the series. This field (3) is NULL for all other instances in the series. For standalone meetings tied to workspaces, this field (3) is NULL.

**ntext1**: For the default meeting instance, this is the XML fragment describing the recurrence rule for the recurring meeting series. For individual meeting instances, this field (3) MUST be NULL.

**ntext2**: Any recurrence rule specified for the recurring meeting. When specified, this field (3) is set for the default meeting instance, and for other instances this is NULL.
ntext3: This property returns a rule or repeating pattern defined for an exception to the specified recurring meeting.

datetime5: If the series has been suppressed, this is the date in UTC until which it has been suppressed. When this field (3) is NULL, it indicates that the series has not been suppressed.

int3: The integer representing the time zone used when creating this meeting.

### 3.2.5.16 proc_GetDocComments

The proc_GetDocComments stored procedure is called to return the set of Web discussion comments associated with a document. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetDocComments(
    @DocSiteId         uniqueidentifier,
    @DocFullUrl        nvarchar(260),
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT

);
```

@DocSiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the specified document.

@DocFullUrl: The store-relative URL to the document.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set.

#### 3.2.5.16.1 GetDocComments Result Set

Returns the set of Web discussion comments associated with this document. This result set contains one row (3) for each associated Web discussion comment. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
Id                     int,
Parent                 int,
CommentId              nvarchar(255),
Bookmark               nvarchar(127),
Author                 nvarchar(255),
tp_Login               nvarchar(255),
Subject                nvarchar(255),
Created                datetime,
Status                 smallint,
Comment                ntext;
```

Id: The identifier of the Web discussion comment.

Parent: The identifier of the parent Web discussion comment. If the parent Web discussion comment does not exist, this MUST be zero ("0").

CommentId: The identifier, specified by the protocol client, of the Web discussion comment.

Bookmark: A protocol client specified reference to the place in the document to which the Web discussion comment refers.
Author: A protocol client specified name for the user that added the Web discussion comment.

tp_Login: The login name of the user that added the Web discussion comment.

Subject: The subject of the Web discussion comment.

Created: The time in UTC when this Web discussion comment was created.

Status: A Web discussion comment status flag (section 2.2.2.3) that indicates the status of a Web discussion comment.

Comment: The body text of the Web discussion comment.

3.2.5.17 proc_GetEventDataAndSubscriptionFilters

The proc_GetEventDataAndSubscriptionFilters stored procedure is called to return events (2) and alert subscriptions and mark the returned events (2) and alert subscriptions as having been processed. The processed alert subscriptions and events (2) are not returned in subsequent calls to this stored procedure. The T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetEventDataAndSubscriptionFilters(
    @MaxBatchSize bigint,
    @DtLast datetime,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@MaxBatchSize: The maximum number of events (2) to process in this batch.

@DtLast: The end datetime in UTC of the event (2) batch.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: MUST return an integer value that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return three result sets as defined in the following subsections.

3.2.5.17.1 Events Result Set

The Events result set MUST be returned. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
ListId uniqueidentifier,
Id bigint,
EventData image,
EventType int,
ItemId int,
ItemName nvarchar(255),
ItemFullUrl nvarchar(260),
ModifiedBy nvarchar(255),
TimeLastModified datetime,
ACL image,
SiteId uniqueidentifier;
```

ListId: The list identifier of the list (1) that the event (2) is related to. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

Id: The identifier of the event (2). This value MUST NOT be NULL.
**EventData:** Contains implementation-specific event (2) data significant to the front-end Web server but otherwise opaque to the back-end database server.

**EventType:** An alert (1) event (2) type (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies an integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to fire the notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ItemId:** The identifier of the list item from the list (1) specified by ListId that is associated with the event (2). This MUST NOT be NULL.

**ItemName:** A string that represents the name of the list item chosen by the application. This parameter MUST be set to NULL if the application does not use this information.

**ItemFullUrl:** The URL to the list item that is associated with the event (2), or the URL to the site (2), or NULL if the application already specifies the list item using @ItemId.

**ModifiedBy:** A string that specifies the login name of a security principal(2) who added this event (2).

**TimeLastModified:** A time stamp in UTC that specifies the time when this event (2) happened. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**Acl:** A byte array in the ACL format. If this parameter is NULL, the ACL will be inferred from the @ItemFullUrl.

**SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection under which the event (2) has occurred. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

### 3.2.5.17.2 Subscriptions Result Set

The Subscriptions result set returns the alert subscriptions for the site (2) and list (1) of the events (2) returned by the Events result set. The Subscriptions result set MUST be returned. The T-SQL syntax is as follows:

```sql
Id                     uniqueidentifier,
BinaryFilter           varbinary(1024),
ListId                 uniqueidentifier,
ItemId                 int,
AlertType              int,
EventType              int,
{NotifyFreq}           int,
WebTimeZone            smallint,
WebId                  uniqueidentifier,
UserId                 int,
SiteId                 uniqueidentifier,
SiteUrl                nvarchar(136),
WebUrl                 nvarchar(256),
Properties             ntext,
DeliveryChannel        int;
```

**Id:** The alert subscription identifier of this alert subscription. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**BinaryFilter:** The compiled binary syntax query in Collaborative Application Markup Language (CAML) for a filter to apply to the event (2) data of the event (2) associated with this alert subscription.

**ListId:** The list identifier for the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.
**ItemId**: The item identifier of the item with which this alert subscription is associated. This MUST NOT be NULL if the alert (1) type (section 2.2.1.3) of the alert subscription is item and MUST be NULL if the alert (1) type of the alert subscription is list (1).

**AlertType**: An integer whose lower eight bits specifies the type of the alert (1) as specified in section 2.2.1.3. This MUST also contain the special alert (1) flags (section 2.2.2.2) for an always notify alert or a system alert.

**EventType**: An alert (1) event (2) type (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies an integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to fire the notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**{NotifyFreq}**: A notification frequency type (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies an integer indicating the frequency of the alert (1) notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**WebTimeZone**: The time zone of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**WebId**: The site identifier for the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**UserId**: The user identifier for the user with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**SiteId**: The site collection identifier for the site collection with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**SiteUrl**: The URL of the site collection with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**WebUrl**: The URL of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**Properties**: An XML blob representing the properties of the alert (1).

**DeliveryChannel**: Specifies the delivery channel for the alert subscription as defined by the alert (1) delivery channel type (section 2.2.1.1).

### 3.2.5.17.3 UTCTime Result Set

The UTCTime result set returns the start and end identifiers of the events (2) marked for processing in this call to the stored procedure. The UTCTime result set MUST be returned and MUST have one row (3). The T-SQL syntax is as follows:

```sql
{IdStart} bigint,
{IdEnd} bigint;
```

**{IdStart}**: The identifier of the first event (2) in this batch.

**{IdEnd}**: The identifier of the last event (2) in this batch.

### 3.2.5.18 proc_GetExceptionIDs

The proc_GetExceptionIDs stored procedure retrieves the instances of a recurring meeting series that are exceptions. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetExceptionIDs(
```
@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@ListId: A GUID of a recurrence list.

@ViewStart: A datetime field (3) corresponding to the start date of the recurring meeting.

@ViewEnd: A datetime field (3) corresponding to the end date of the recurring meeting.

@EventTypeColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the event (2) type. For more details about the AllUserData table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2.

@EventTypeRowOrdinal: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the event (2) type information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @EventTypeColName parameter.

@UIDColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the unique identifier of the recurring meeting series.

@UIDRowOrdinal: The name of the row (3) ordinal in the AllUserData table that MUST contain the unique identifier of the recurring meeting series in the column (1) specified by the @UIDColName parameter.

@RecurrenceIDColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the recurrence identifier of the recurring meeting series.

@RecurrenceIDRowOrdinal: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the recurrence identifier specified inside the column (1) identified by the @RecurrenceIDColName parameter.

@StartDateColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the start date of the recurring meeting series. For more details about AllUserData table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2.

@StartDateRowOrdinal: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the start date information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @StartDateColName parameter.

@EndDateColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the end date of the recurring meeting series.

@EndDateRowOrdinal: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the end date information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @EndDateColName parameter.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set when the column (1) names and row (3) ordinals specified for the input parameters exist in the AllUserData table and map to a valid entity in the AllUserData table that satisfies the restrictions of the UserData view. For more details about the UserData view, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.8.

3.2.5.18.1 Exceptions Result Set

The Exceptions result set returns the identifier information for a recurring meeting and a recurrence identifier to specifically identify a meeting instance. The Exceptions result set contains one or more rows (3) if the specified input parameters map to valid meeting series exceptions in the AllUserData table that satisfy the restrictions of the UserData view. For more details about the AllUserData table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2. For more details about the UserData view, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.8.

The Exceptions result set is empty if the column (1) names and ordinals specified as input parameters exist in the AllUserData table but do not map to any valid meeting series exceptions.

The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
{UID} uniqueidentifier,
{RecurrenceID} datetime;
```

{UID}: The name of the column (1) is specified by the @UIDColName parameter. The identifier of the recurring meeting.

{RecurrenceID}: The name of the column (1) is specified by the @RecurrenceIDColName parameter. The datetime information that makes up the recurrence identifier.

3.2.5.19 proc_GetFutureExceptionIDsForUID

The proc_GetFutureExceptionIDsForUID stored procedure returns all the future instances in a recurring meeting series that are exceptions. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetFutureExceptionIDsForUID(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @ListID uniqueidentifier,
    @DTStamp datetime,
    @UID uniqueidentifier,
    @EventTypeColName nvarchar(64),
    @EventTypeRowOrdinal tinyint = 0,
    @UIDColName nvarchar(64),
    @UIDRowOrdinal tinyint = 0,
    @RecurrenceIDColName nvarchar(64),
    @RecurrenceIDRowOrdinal tinyint = 0,
    @StartDateColName nvarchar(64),
    @StartDateRowOrdinal tinyint = 0,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.
@ListId: A UID of a recurrence list.

@DTStamp: The procedure will return all the instance exceptions occurring after the datetime specified in this parameter.

@UID: This is the unique identifier of the recurring meeting series.

@EventTypeColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the event (2) type. For more details about the AllUserData table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2.

@EventTypeRowOrdinal: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the event (2) type information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @EventTypeColName parameter.

@UIDColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the unique identifier of the recurring meeting series.

@UIDRowOrdinal: The name of the row (3) ordinal in the AllUserData table that MUST contain the unique identifier of the instance of the recurring meeting in the column (1) specified by the @UIDColName parameter.

@RecurrenceIDColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the recurrence identifier of the recurring meeting series.

@RecurrenceIDRowOrdinal: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the recurrence identifier specified inside the column (1) identified by the @RecurrenceIDColName parameter.

@StartDateColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the start date of the recurring meeting series.

@StartDateRowOrdinal: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the start date information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @StartDateColName parameter.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set when the column (1) names and row (3) ordinals specified for the input parameters exist in the AllUserData table and map to a valid entity in the AllUserData table that satisfies the restrictions of the UserData view. For more details about the UserData view, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.8.

### 3.2.5.19.1 Exceptions Result Set

The Exceptions result set returns the list item identifier for a meeting instance and the RecurrenceID that identifies the specific meeting instance. The Exceptions result set contains one or more rows (3) if the specified input parameters map to valid meeting series exceptions in the AllUserData table that satisfy the restrictions of the UserData view. The Exceptions result set is empty if the column (1) names and ordinals specified as input parameters exist in the AllUserData table but do not map to any valid meeting series exceptions. (For more details about the AllUserData table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2. For more details about the UserData view, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.8.) The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
CREATE TABLE Exceptions (tp_ID int, {RecurrenceID} datetime);
```
tp_ID: The list item identifier of the meeting instance.

{RecurrenceID}: The datetime information that makes up the recurrence identifier. The name of the column (1) is specified in the @RecurrenceIDColName parameter.

3.2.5.20 proc_GetItemCountPerInstance

The proc_GetItemCountPerInstance stored procedure is called to retrieve the number of items within a given list (1) associated with the given InstanceID. Items in the given list (1) with a NULL InstanceID are also included in the count. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetItemCountPerInstance(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @ListID uniqueidentifier,
    @InstanceID int,
    @ItemCount int OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@ListId: Specifies the identifier of the list (1) in which the items exist.

@InstanceID: Specifies the identifier of the instance for which the caller is requesting the item count.

@ItemCount: The number of items in the specified list (1) with the specified InstanceID or NULL. This value is filled and returned to the caller.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.21 proc_GetListAndChildrenNSInfo

The proc_GetListAndChildrenNSInfo stored procedure is called to retrieve the subfolders of a root folder for a list (1), or the subfolders of a folder, the sort behavior of these subfolders MUST NOT be like the sort behavior of files. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetListAndChildrenNSInfo(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId uniqueidentifier,
    @FolderId uniqueidentifier,
    @GetList bit = 0,
    @GetSubFolders bit = 0,
    @Lcid bit = 0,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: Specifies the identifier of the site collection in which the list (1) exists.

@WebId: Specifies the identifier of the site (2) in which the list (1) exists.
@ListId: Specifies the identifier of the list (1) in which the list (1) containing the root folder and subfolders exist.

@FolderId: Specifies the identifier of the folder in which the subfolders exist. If @GetList is "1", this input parameter MUST be ignored.

@GetList: If this parameter is "1", a ListRootFolderNSInfo result set MUST be returned. The default value is zero ("0").

@GetSubFolders: If this parameter is "1", a ChildFoldersNSInfo result set MUST be returned. The default value is zero ("0").

@Lcid: The LCID for the list (1) specified by the @WebId and @ListId parameters.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return zero, one, or two result sets based on the values of the input parameters @GetList and @GetSubFolders.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Returned Result Set</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>@GetList = &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One ListRootFolderNSInfo result set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@GetSubFolders = &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One ChildFoldersNSInfo result set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2.5.21.1 ListRootFolderNSInfo Result Set

The ListRootFolderNSInfo result set contains a row (3) set containing the information about the list (1), its root folder and the permissions on its root folder. The ListRootFolderNSInfo result set MUST be returned when @GetList is set to "1" and it MUST contain one row (3) if the list (1) can be found. It MUST contain no rows (3) if the specified list (1) doesn't exist. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
tp_Title               nvarchar(255),
tp_Id                  uniqueidentifier,
FullUrl                nvarchar(260),
tp_RootFolder          uniqueidentifier,
tp_ImageUrl            nvarchar(255),
tp_BaseType            int,
tp_ServerTemplate      int,
FolderChildCount       int,
UserResource           nvarchar(256) or nvarchar(max),
Acl                    image,
AnonymousPermMask      bigint;
```

tp_Title: The title of the list (1).

tp_Id: The list identifier of the list (1).

FullUrl: The complete store-relative URL for the root folder for the list (1).

tp_RootFolder: The identifier of the root folder for the list (1).

tp_ImageUrl: The URL of the image used to represent the list (1).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tp_BaseType</td>
<td>The base type of the list (1), as defined in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.3.11.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tp_ServerTemplate</td>
<td>The List Server Template enumeration value of the list template that defines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the base structure of the list (1). See [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.3.12, for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>more detail.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FolderChildCount</td>
<td>The number of child objects (1) of the root folder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserResource</td>
<td>The localized list (1) title specified by @WebId, @ListId and @Lcid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acl</td>
<td>The binary serialization of the ACL for the root folder. The format is</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.4.6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AnonymousPermMask</td>
<td>The permissions mask that applies to an anonymous user of the root folder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.2.14.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2.5.21.2 ChildFoldersNSInfo Result Set

The ChildFoldersNSInfo result set returns a rowset containing the subfolders of the root folder for the specified list (1) if @GetSubFolders is "1". The ChildFoldersNSInfo result set MUST be returned when the input parameter @GetSubFolders is "1". The ChildFoldersNSInfo result set MUST contain zero or more rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
LeafName               nvarchar(128),
Id                     uniqueidentifier,
{FullUrl}              nvarchar(260),
FolderChildCount       int,
ListId                 uniqueidentifier,
Acl                    image,
AnonymousPermMask      bigint;
```

- **LeafName**: The store-relative form leaf name of the subfolder.
- **Id**: The identifier of the subfolder.
- **{FullUrl}**: The complete store-relative URL for the root folder for the list (1).
- **FolderChildCount**: The number of the subfolder.
- **ListId**: The identifier of the list (1) containing the folder.
- **Acl**: The binary serialization of the ACL for the folder. The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.4.6.
- **AnonymousPermMask**: The permissions mask that applies to an anonymous user of the subfolder. The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.2.14.

### 3.2.5.22 proc_GetMatchingSubscriptionsData

The proc_GetMatchingSubscriptionsData stored procedure is called to return alert subscriptions.

The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetMatchingSubscriptionsData(
    @f001   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @SiteId001 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    ...
) AS ...
```
| @SiteId031 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId032 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId033 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId034 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId035 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId036 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId037 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId038 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId039 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId040 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId041 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId042 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId043 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId044 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId045 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId046 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId047 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId048 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId049 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId050 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId051 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId052 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId053 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId054 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId055 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId056 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId057 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId058 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId059 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
| @SiteId060 | uniqueidentifier = NULL, |
@f061 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId061 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f062 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId062 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f063 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId063 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f064 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId064 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f065 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
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@f066 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
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@SiteId082 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f083 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId083 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f084 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId084 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f085 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId085 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f086 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId086 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f087 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId087 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f088 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId088 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f089 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId089 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f090 uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId090   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f091       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId091   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f092       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId092   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f093       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId093   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f094       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId094   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f095       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId095   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f096       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId096   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f097       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId097   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f098       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId098   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f099       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId099   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f100       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId100   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f101       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId101   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f102       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId102   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f103       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId103   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f104       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId104   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f105       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId105   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f106       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId106   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f107       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId107   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f108       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId108   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f109       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId109   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f110       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId110   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f111       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId111   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f112       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId112   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f113       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId113   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f114       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId114   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f115       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId115   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f116       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId116   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f117       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId117   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f118       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId118   uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@f119       uniqueidentifier = NULL,  
@SiteId119   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f179   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId179  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f180   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId180  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f181   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId181  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f182   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId182  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f183   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId183  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f184   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId184  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f185   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId185  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f186   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId186  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f187   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId187  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f188   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId188  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f189   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId189  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f190   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId190  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f191   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId191  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f192   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId192  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f193   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId193  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f194   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId194  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f195   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId195  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f196   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId196  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f197   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId197  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f198   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId198  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f199   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId199  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f200   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId200  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f201   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId201  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f202   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId202  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f203   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId203  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f204   uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId204  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f238  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId238  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f239  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId239  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f240  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId240  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f241  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId241  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f242  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId242  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f243  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId243  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f244  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId244  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f245  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId245  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f246  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId246  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f247  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId247  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f248  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId248  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f249  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId249  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f250  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId250  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f251  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId251  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f252  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId252  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f253  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId253  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f254  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId254  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f255  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId255  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@f256  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@SiteId256  uniqueidentifier = NULL,
@RequestGuid  uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@fnnn: The alert subscription identifier for which alert subscription data is to be returned.
@SiteIdnnn: The site collection identifier of the site collection.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set, as defined in the following subsection.

3.2.5.22.1 MatchingSubscriptionsData Result Set

The MatchingSubscriptionsData result set contains the alert subscriptions for any of the identifiers defined by the @fnnn arguments. The MatchingSubscriptionsData result set MUST be returned. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:
WebId: The site identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

UserEmail: The e-mail address of the user with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

UserId: The user identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

SiteUrl: The URL of the site collection with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebUrl: The URL of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListUrl: The URL of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebTitle: The title of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebLanguage: The language of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. It is an integer. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebLocale: The locale of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebTimeZone: The time zone of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.
**WebTime24**: The time format that specifies whether the time displayed for the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated is in 12-hour or 24-hour format. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**WebCalendarType**: Contains calendar type (for non-Gregorian calendars) of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**WebAdjustHijriDays**: The number of days to extend or reduce the current month in Hijri calendars on the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ListId**: The list identifier for the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ListTitle**: The title of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ListBaseType**: The base type of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ListServerTemplate**: The list template for the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**Id**: The identifier of this alert subscription. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ItemId**: The item identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. This MUST NOT be NULL if the alert (1) type (section 2.2.1.3) of the alert subscription is Item alert and MUST be NULL if the alert (1) type of the alert subscription is List alert.

**EventType**: An alert (1) event (2) type (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies an integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to send the notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**BinaryFilter**: Contains compiled binary syntax query in CAML for a filter to apply to the alert (1) associated with this alert subscription.

**Properties**: An XML blob representing the properties of the alert (1).

**AlertTitle**: The title of the alert (1) of the alert subscription.

**AlertType**: An integer whose lower eight bits specifies the type of the alert (1) as specified in section 2.2.1.3. This MUST also contain the special alert (1) flags (section 2.2.2.2) for an always notify alert or a system alert.

**AlertTemplateName**: The name of the alert template of the alert subscription.

**DeliveryChannel**: Specifies the delivery channel for the alert subscription as defined by the alert (1) delivery channel type (section 2.2.1.1).

### 3.2.5.23 proc_GetMeetingInstanceDataForICal

The `proc_GetMeetingInstanceDataForICal` stored procedure is called to retrieve the data needed to construct iCalendar information from a specified meeting instance in a specified Meeting Workspace site.

The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetMeetingInstanceDataForICal(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    ...)```

---

[MS-WSSEUX3] — v20120630

*Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database End-User Experience Communications Version 3 Protocol Specification*

*Copyright © 2012 Microsoft Corporation.*

*Release: July 16, 2012*
@InstanceID       int,
@OrganizerID      int OUTPUT,
@UID              nvarchar(255) OUTPUT,
@DTStartUTC       datetime OUTPUT,
@DTEndUTC         datetime OUTPUT,
@DT StampUTC      datetime OUTPUT,
@Sequence         int OUTPUT,
@RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@WebId: Specifies the identifier of the site (2) in which the meeting series exists. @WebId MUST NOT be NULL.

@InstanceID: Specifies the identifier of the meeting instance for which data is being requested. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@OrganizerID: Specifies the identifier of the meeting organizer of this meeting instance. This parameter is returned to the caller.

@UID: The unique identifier for this meeting instance. This parameter is returned to the caller.

@DTStartUTC: The starting datetime for the meeting instance, in UTC. This parameter is returned to the caller.

@DTEndUTC: The ending datetime for the meeting instance, in UTC. This parameter is returned to the caller.

@DT StampUTC: The timestamp datetime for the creation of the meeting instance, in UTC. This parameter is returned to the caller.

@Sequence: The revision sequence number (1) of the meeting instance. This property defines the revision sequence number (1) of the meeting instance within a sequence of revisions. This parameter is returned to the caller.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>No meeting instances found for the given @WebId and @InstanceID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;13&quot;</td>
<td>Two possible failure conditions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td> No meetings list (1) found on the Meeting Workspace site specified by @WebId.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td> @OrganizerID or @UID for the meeting instance is NULL.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.
3.2.5.24 proc_GetRecurrenceSeriesData

The proc_GetRecurrenceSeriesData stored procedure is called to get SeriesUID, start date, and MasterSeriesID for the given meeting series list (1), meeting series item, and meeting calendar event type.

The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetRecurrenceSeriesData(  @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,  @ListID                   uniqueidentifier,  @ItemID                   int,  @EventType                int,  @EventTypeColName         nvarchar(64),  @EventTypeRowOrd          tinyint = 0,  @UIDColName               nvarchar(64),  @UIDRowOrd                tinyint = 0,  @StartDateColName         nvarchar(64),  @StartDateRowOrd          tinyint = 0,  @MasterIDColName          nvarchar(64),  @MasterIDRowOrd           tinyint = 0,  @SeriesUID                uniqueidentifier OUTPUT,  @StartDate                datetime OUTPUT,  @MasterSeriesID           int OUTPUT,  @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT)
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@ListId: Specifies the identifier of a recurrence list.

@ItemID: Specifies the identifier of the meeting series item.

@EventType: Specifies the calendar event type to retrieve as defined by the meetings calendar event type (section 2.2.1.4).

@EventTypeColName: Specifies the name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table of the content database that corresponds to the calendar event type. For more details about the AllUserData table, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.2. MUST NOT be NULL.

@EventTypeRowOrd: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the calendar event type information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @EventTypeColName parameter.

@UIDColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table of the content database that corresponds to the UID of the instance.

@UIDRowOrd: The name of the row (3) ordinal in the AllUserData table of the content database that MUST contain the UID of the instance in the column (1) specified by the @UIDColName parameter.

@StartDateColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table of the content database that corresponds to the start date of the recurring instance. MUST NOT be NULL.

@StartDateRowOrd: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the start date information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @StartDateColName parameter.
@MasterIDColName: The name of the column (1) in the **AllUserData** table of the content database that corresponds to the master item identifier of the recurring instance. MUST NOT be NULL.

@MasterIDRowOrd: The ordinal of a list item that MUST contain the master item identifier specified inside the column (1) identified by the @MasterIDColName parameter.

@SeriesUID: Specifies the meeting series identifier. This value is filled and returned to the caller.

@StartDate: Specifies the starting datetime for the series data. This value is filled and returned to the caller.

@MasterSeriesID: Specifies the master series identifier. This value is filled and returned to the caller. This value MUST be NULL if the specified meeting series item is not associated with a master item identifier in the **AllUserData** table that satisfies the restrictions of the **UserData** view. For more details about the **UserData** view, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.8.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion. @SeriesUID and @StartDate MUST NOT be NULL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;4005&quot;</td>
<td>No records found that match the input parameters. All output parameters are NULL.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.25 proc_GetResourcesAtScope

The **proc_GetResourcesAtScope** stored procedure is called to get resource strings designated by @WebId, @LCID and @OnlyUntranslated. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetResourcesAtScope (  
    @SiteId                  uniqueidentifier,  
    @WebId                   uniqueidentifier,  
    @LCID                    int,  
    @OnlyUntranslated        bit  
);  
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2).

@LCID: The LCID for the resource string.

@OnlyUntranslated: This parameter is ignored if @LCID is equal to the LCID of the site (2) specified by @WebId. If this parameter is "1", select localized resource strings, otherwise, select resource strings that are not translated.

If @LCID is equal to the LCID of the site (2) designated by @WebId, return the resource strings of the site (2) designated by @WebId of the locale designated by @LCID.
If @LCID is not equal to the LCID of the site (2) designated by @WebId, return the resource strings defined in the locale of the site (2) specified by @WebId, but not in the locale specified by @LCID and the following resource strings.

- If @OnlyUntranslated is "1", the localized resource strings of the locale designated by @LCID of the site (2) designated by @WebId.
- If @OnlyUntranslated is zero ("0"), the resource strings, which are not translated, of the locale designated by @LCID of the site (2) designated by @WebId.

**Return values:** MUST return an integer return code that MUST be zero.

**Result Sets:** MUST return one of the following result sets depending on the type of the resource.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of resource</th>
<th>Returned Result Set</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single line of text</td>
<td>One GetResAtScopeNvar result set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple lines of text</td>
<td>One GetResAtScopeNtext result set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2.5.25.1 Get Resources Scope Nvarchar Result Set

The GetResAtScopeNvarchar result set contains:

```
ListId                uniqueidentifier,
ResourceName          nvarchar(520),
BitType               bit,
NvarcharVal           nvarchar(256);
```

**ListId:** The identifier of the list (1).

**ResourceName:** The name of the resource string.

**BitType:** The type of the resource, as defined in section 2.2.1.10. This MUST be zero ("0") in this result set.

**NvarcharVal:** The resource value.

### 3.2.5.25.2 Get Resources Scope Ntext Result Set

The GetResAtScopeNtext result set contains

```
ListId                uniqueidentifier,
ResourceName          nvarchar (520),
BitType               bit,
NtextVal              nvarchar(2^31-1);  
```

**ListId:** The identifier of the list (1).

**ResourceName:** The name of the resource.

**BitType:** The type of the resource, as defined in section 2.2.1.10. This MUST be "1" in this result set.

**NtextVal:** The resource value.
3.2.5.26 proc_GetVersionIndependentMetaInfo

The proc_GetVersionIndependentMetaInfo stored procedure is called to get the version-independent metadata of a document. proc_GetVersionIndependentMetaInfo is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetVersionIndependentMetaInfo(
    @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
    @DirName           nvarchar(256),
    @LeafName          nvarchar(128),
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the requested document.

@DirName: The directory name of the requested document.

@LeafName: The leaf name of the requested document.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: The stored procedure returns an integer that MUST be ignored.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set as defined in the following subsection.

3.2.5.26.1 VersionMetaInfo Result Set

The VersionMetaInfo result set returns the metadata and the metadata version of a document. The VersionMetaInfo result set MUST contain one row (3). The VersionMetaInfo result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```sql
UnVersionedMetaInfo        varbinary(max),
UnVersionedMetaInfoVersion int;
```

UnVersionedMetaInfo: A metadict holding all version-independent metadata for the document.

UnVersionedMetaInfoVersion: An integer value that specifies the version of the UnVersionedMetaInfo metadata.

3.2.5.27 proc_GetWebAndChildrenNSInfo

The proc_GetWebAndChildrenNSInfo stored procedure is called to retrieve a set of properties as described in the result set section related to a site (2) and its subsites, document libraries and lists (1). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebAndChildrenNSInfo(
    @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId             uniqueidentifier,
    @GetThisWeb        bit = 0,   
    @GetSubwebs        bit = 0,   
    @GetDocLibs        bit = 0,   
    @GetLists          bit = 0,   
    @Lcid              bit = 0,   
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```
@SiteId: The identifier of the site collection containing the site (2) to retrieve.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) to retrieve.

@GetThisWeb: If this parameter is "1", a SiteNSInfo result set of the site (2) specified by @WebId is returned. The default value is zero.

@GetSubwebs: If this parameter is "1", a SiteNSInfo result set of the subsites under the site (2) specified by @WebId is returned. The default value is zero.

@GetDocLibs: If this parameter is "1", a ListNSInfo result set of document library of the site (2) specified by @WebId is returned. If @GetLists is "1", the rows (3) in this result set are merged with the rows (3) in the result set of lists (1). The default value is zero.

@GetLists: If this parameter is "1", a ListNSInfo result set that contains the lists (1) except document libraries under the site (2) specified by @SiteId and @WebId is returned. If @GetDocLibs is "1", the rows (3) in this result set are merged with the rows (3) in the result set of document library. The default value is zero.

@Lcid: The LCID for the site (2) specified by @WebId.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return zero to three result sets based on the values of the four bit flag input parameters: @GetThisWeb, @GetSubWeb, @GetDocLibs and @GetLists.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Parameter</th>
<th>Returned Result Set</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>@GetThisWeb = &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One SiteNSInfo result set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@GetSubWeb = &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One SiteNSInfo result set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@GetDocLibs = &quot;1&quot; OR @GetLists = &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>One ListNSInfo result set.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2.5.27.1 SiteNSInfo Result Set

The SiteNSInfo result set returns a set of properties related to a specific site (2). The SiteNSInfo result set specified by @GetThisWeb MUST return one row (3) if the site (2) specified by @SiteId and @WebId can be found. It MUST return no rows (3) if the site (2) cannot be found. The SiteNSInfo result set specified by @GetSubWebs MUST return zero or multiple rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
Title          nvarchar(255),
Id             uniqueidentifier,
FullUrl        nvarchar(256),
WebTemplate    int,
ProvisionConfig smallint,
MeetingCount   smallint,
UserResource   nvarchar(256) or nvarchar(max),
Acl            image,
AnonymousPermMask bigint;
```
Title: The title of the site (2).

Id: The identifier of the site (2).

FullUrl: The store-relative URL of the site (2).

WebTemplate: The identifier for the template used in the site definition to define the base structure of this site (2). The values are the same as defined by ProvisionConfig. See [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.5.22, for additional details.

ProvisionConfig: An identifier of the site template used to provision this site (2). The following reserved values are defined:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;-1&quot;</td>
<td>This site (2) has no template provisioned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>This site (2) has the implementation-specific default template applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>This site (2) has the Team Collaboration site template applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>This site (2) has the Meeting Workspace site template applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>This site (2) has the Central Administration site template applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;4&quot;</td>
<td>This site (2) has the Wiki site template applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;9&quot;</td>
<td>This site (2) has the Blog site template applied.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MeetingCount: If this subsite is a Meeting Workspace site, this value indicates the number of meetings that are configured. A value of "-1" indicates that the workspace contains a recurring meeting.

UserResource: The localized Web title specified by @WebId and @Lcid.

Acl: The binary serialization of the ACL for the site (2). The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.4.6.

AnonymousPermMask: A permissions mask indicating the rights granted to a user that is anonymous, or has no specific rights, to this site (2). The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.2.14.

3.2.5.27.2 ListNSInfo Result Set

The ListNSInfo result set returns a set of properties related to all lists (1) if @GetLists is "1" or document libraries if @GetDocLibs is "1" under the specified site (2) whose sort behavior MUST be like the sort behavior of folders. The ListNSInfo result set MUST contain zero or more rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
tp_Title nvarchar(255),
tp_Id uniqueidentifier,
{FullUrl} nvarchar(260),
tp_RootFolder uniqueidentifier,
tp_ImageUrl nvarchar(255),
tp_BaseType int,
tp_ServerTemplate int,
FolderChildCount int,
```
UserResource           nvarchar(256) or nvarchar(max),
Acl                    image,
AnonymousPermMask      bigint;

**tp_Title:** The title of the list (1) or document library.

**tp_Id:** The list identifier of the list (1) or document library.

**{FullUrl}:** The store-relative URL of the list (1) or document library.

**tp_RootFolder:** The identifier of the root folder for the list (1) or document library.

**tp_ImageUrl:** The URL of the image used to represent the list (1) or document library.

**tp_BaseType:** The base type of the list (1) or document library, as defined in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.3.11.

**tp_ServerTemplate:** The List Server Template enumeration value of the list template that defines the base structure of the list (1) or document library. See [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.3.12, for more details.

**FolderChildCount:** The number of child objects (1) of the root folder of the list (1) or document library.

**UserResource:** The localized titles of the lists (1) under the Web specified by @WebId and @Lcid.

**Acl:** The binary serialization of the ACL for the list (1) or document library. The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.4.6.

**AnonymousPermMask:** The permissions mask that applies to an anonymous user of the list (1) or document library. The format is specified in [MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.2.14.

### 3.2.5.28 proc_GetWebComments

The **proc_GetWebComments** stored procedure is called to retrieve all Web discussion comments for a site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebComments(
    @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId             uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the specified site (2).

**@WebId:** The site identifier for the site (2) containing the requested Web discussion comments.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** Returns an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>Either @SiteId or @WebId is NULL.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets**: MUST return the **GetWebComments** result set.

### 3.2.5.28.1 GetWebComments Result Set

The **GetWebComments** result set returns all Web discussion comments for the specified site (2). This result set MUST be returned, and contains one row (3) for each Web discussion comment. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
{DocFullUrl} nvarchar(260),
Id int,
Parent int,
CommentId nvarchar(255),
Bookmark nvarchar(127),
Author nvarchar(255),
UserId int,
Subject nvarchar(255),
Created datetime,
Status smallint,
Comment ntext;
```

- **{DocFullUrl}**: The store-relative URL of the document that this Web discussion comment is associated with.
- **Id**: The identifier of the Web discussion comment.
- **Parent**: The identifier of the parent Web discussion comment, if present. If the parent Web discussion comment does not exist, this MUST be zero.
- **CommentId**: A protocol client specified identifier for the Web discussion comment.
- **Bookmark**: A protocol client specified reference to the place in the document that the Web discussion comment refers to.
- **Author**: A protocol client specified name for the user that added the Web discussion comment.
- **UserId**: The user identifier for the user that added the Web discussion comment.
- **Subject**: The subject of the Web discussion comment.
- **Created**: The time in UTC when the Web discussion comment was created.
- **Status**: A Web discussion comment status flag (section 2.2.2.3) that indicates the status of a Web discussion comment.
- **Comment**: The body text of the Web discussion comment.

### 3.2.5.29 proc_GetWebNavAcls

The **proc_GetWebNavAcls** stored procedure is called to fetch ACLs for all the unique security scopes of documents in the navigation structure. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebNavAcls(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @NavParentWebId uniqueidentifier,
    @Inherited bit,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection that MUST contain the sites (2) specified by @WebId and @NavParentWebId.

@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) for which ACLs are requested.

@NavParentWebId: The site identifier of the navigational parent site of the site (2) specified by @WebId. This field (3) can be NULL. If it is not NULL, additional rows (3) MUST be included in the Nav ACLs result set (section 2.2.4.2).

@Inherited: A bit specifying whether navigation structure from the site (2) is inherited by its subsites.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be ignored.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set as defined in section 2.2.4.2.

3.2.5.30 proc_GetWebNavStruct

The proc_GetWebNavStruct stored procedure is called to return the navigation structure for a given site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_GetWebNavStruct(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @Inherited bit,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site (2) specified by @WebId.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) whose navigation structure has been requested.

@Inherited: A bit specifying whether the navigation structure from the site (2) is inherited by its subsites. If this parameter is "1", the Site Scope and CachedDataVersion result set MUST be returned.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be ignored.

Result Sets: MUST return a Nav ACLs result set and a Nav Data result set. It MUST also return a Site Scope and CachedDataVersion result set as the first result set if @Inherited is set to "1".
3.2.5.30.1 Site Scope and CachedDataVersion Result Set

Returns the security scope and **CachedDataVersion** of the site (2). If @Inherited is "1", this result set MUST be returned. Otherwise, this result set MUST NOT be returned. If the result set returns, it MUST return one row (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
CachedDataVersion int,
ScopeId uniqueidentifier;
```

**CachedDataVersion**: An integer specifying the version of the site’s cached information.

**ScopeId**: The unique identifier for the security scope of the site (2).

3.2.5.30.2 Nav ACLs Result Set

The **Nav ACLs** result set returns the ACLs of the documents represented by navigation nodes in the navigation structure of the site (2). This result set MUST return zero or more rows (3), as defined in section 2.2.4.2, where @NavParentWebId is NULL and the @Inherited value is the value of the @Inherited parameter.

3.2.5.30.3 Nav Data Result Set

The **Nav Data** result set returns the information about the navigation structure of the site (2). It MUST return one or more rows (3). Note that this result set includes more information than the **Nav Data** result set specified in section 2.2.4.3. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
Eid int,
EidParent int,
ElementType tinyint,
{Url} nvarchar(260),
Name nvarchar(256),
NodeMetainfo varbinary(max),
NonNavPage bit,
NavSequence bit,
ChildOfSequence bit,
DateLastModified datetime,
{ScopeId} uniqueidentifier,
{SecurityType} int,
NameResource nvarchar(256);
Type tinyint;
```

**Eid**: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node.

**EidParent**: The navigation node element identifier of the parent navigation node.

**ElementType**: The navigation node type (section 2.2.1.5) of the navigation node.

**{Url}**: The URL to which the navigation node points. This value MUST NOT be NULL if the **Eid** value is not zero.

**Name**: The display name of the navigation node.

**NodeMetainfo**: A binary serialization of the metadata for a navigation node in metadict form ([MS-FPSE] section 2.2.2.11). This MAY be NULL.
NonNavPage: A bit specifying whether the navigation node is hidden when rendering the navigation structure. If the bit is "1", the navigation node SHOULD be omitted<sup>5</sup>. If it is set to zero ("0"), it MUST NOT be filtered out.

NavSequence: A bit specifying whether the navigation node represents a link bar. If this navigation node represents a link bar, this bit MUST be "1", else it MUST be zero.

ChildOfSequence: A bit specifying whether the navigation node is a child of a navigation node that represents a link bar. If it does, this bit MUST be "1". Otherwise, it MUST be zero.

DateLastModified: The time in UTC when the navigation node information was last modified.

{ScopeId}: The scope identifier of the document that the navigation node points to. If the navigation node does not point to a document, this MUST be "0x00" (and can be cast as uniqueidentifier, value "00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000").

{SecurityType}: Specifies which permissions are required for the user to be able to see this navigation node. The following table lists all possible valid values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node is always visible to the user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node requires the user to have permissions to view Web pages in the site (2) that are not in a list (1) or document library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node requires the user to have permissions to view Web pages in the site (2) that are form (1) or list view pages of a list (1) or document library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>This navigation node requires the user to have permissions to view Web pages in the site (2) that are items in a document library.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NameResource: The resource name for the navigation node.

Type: If the navigation node does not point to a document, this MUST be NULL. Otherwise, this MUST be the document store type of the document that the navigation node points to. Refer to [MS-WSSFO2], section 2.2.2.4.

3.2.5.31 proc_GetWebNavStructNodeByIds

The proc_GetWebNavStructNodeByIds stored procedure is called to fetch information about a single navigation node in a site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebNavStructNodeByIds(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @Eid             int,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site (2) specified by @WebId.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) that contains the navigation node.
@Eid: An integer that specifies the navigation node element identifier of the navigation node for which information is requested.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return 2 result sets as follows: Nav Data result set (section 2.2.4.3) and Nav Children result set (section 2.2.4.4), respectively.

3.2.5.32 proc_GetWebSubscriptions

The proc_GetWebSubscriptions stored procedure is called to return alert subscriptions for a given site collection, site (2) and user identifier. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebSubscriptions(
    @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId             uniqueidentifier,
    @UserId            int,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection for which the alert subscriptions are requested to be returned. If @SiteId is NULL then this stored procedure returns an empty result set.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) for which the alert subscriptions are requested to be returned. If @WebId is NULL then this stored procedure returns an empty result set.

@UserId: The user identifier for the user for which the alert subscriptions are requested to be returned.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return one result set as described in the following subsections.

3.2.5.32.1 WebSubscriptions Result Set

The WebSubscriptions result set contains the alert subscriptions for the site collection specified by @SiteId, the site (2) specified by @WebId, and the user identifier specified by @UserId. If @SiteId is NULL or if @WebId is NULL, this stored procedure returns an empty result set. If @UserId is NULL, alert subscriptions are not filtered by the UserId and the result set contains all alert subscriptions for all users. The WebSubscriptions result set MUST contain zero rows (3) if no matching alert subscriptions are found. Otherwise it MUST contain one row (3) for each matching alert subscription. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
Id    uniqueidentifier,
ListId uniqueidentifier,
ItemId int,
EventType int,
NotifyFrequency int,
NotifyTime datetime,
Status tinyint,
UserId int,
ListUrl nvarchar(256),
```

© 2012 Microsoft Corporation.
ListId: The identifier of this alert subscription. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListItem: The list identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ItemId: The item identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. This MUST NOT be NULL if the alert (1) type (section 2.2.1.3) of the alert subscription is Item alert and MUST be NULL if the alert (1) type of the alert subscription is List alert.

EventType: An alert (1) event (2) type (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies an integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to send the notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

NotifyFrequency: A notification frequency type (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies an integer indicating the frequency of the alert (1) notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

NotifyTime: The time for which the alert (1) is scheduled. This value MUST NOT be NULL for scheduled alert subscriptions for a given site collection, site (2), and user. It MUST be NULL for immediate alert subscriptions.

Status: An alert (1) status type (section 2.2.1.2) that specifies an integer indicating the status of the alert subscription. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

UserId: The user identifier of the user for whom the alert (1) has been created. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListUrl: The URL of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListTitle: The title of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated.

ItemName: The name of the list item associated with the alert subscription. This value MUST be NULL for the following three cases:

- ItemId is NULL.
- The alert subscription is for an item in a links list.
- The base type of the list (1) is "issue" ([MS-WSSFO2] section 2.2.3.11).

AlertTitle: The title of the alert (1) of the alert subscription.

AlertType: An integer whose lower 8 bits specifies the type of the alert (1), as specified in section 2.2.1.3. This MUST also contain the special alert (1) flags (section 2.2.2.2) for an always notify alert or a system alert.

AlertTemplateName: The name of the alert template of the alert subscription.
**Filter:** The syntax query in CAML for a filter to apply to the alert (1) associated with this alert subscription.

**BinaryFilter:** The compiled binary syntax query in CAML for a filter to apply to the alert (1) associated with this alert subscription.

**Properties:** An XML blob representing the properties of the alert subscription.

**DeliveryChannel:** Specifies the delivery channel for the alert subscription, as defined in section 2.2.1.1.

### 3.2.5.33 proc_GetWebSubscriptionsForBackup

The **proc_GetWebSubscriptionsForBackup** stored procedure is called to return alert subscriptions associated with a site collection and a site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebSubscriptionsForBackup(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection for which the alert subscriptions are requested to be returned.

**@WebId:** The identifier of the site (2) for which the alert subscriptions are requested to be returned.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** Returns an integer that MUST be zero.

**Result Sets:** MUST return a single result set as defined in the following subsections.

#### 3.2.5.33.1 WebSubscriptionsForBackup Result Set

The **WebSubscriptionsForBackup** result set contains the alert subscriptions, and their associated document information, for the site collection specified in the @SiteId parameter and the site (2) specified in the @WebId parameter. The **WebSubscriptionsForBackup** result set always returns and MUST contain zero rows (3) if there are no current alert subscriptions for the site collection specified in the @SiteId parameter and the site (2) specified in the @WebId parameter; otherwise, if there are current alert subscriptions, the **WebSubscriptionsForBackup** result set MUST contain the number of rows (3) equal to the number of current alert subscriptions. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
Id uniqueidentifier,
ListId uniqueidentifier,
ItemId int,
EventType int,
NotifyFrequency int,
UserId int,
UserEmail nvarchar(255),
DirName nvarchar(256),
LeafName nvarchar(128);
```
**Id**: The identifier of the alert subscription. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ListId**: The list identifier of the item referenced by the alert subscription. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ItemId**: The item identifier of the item referenced by the alert subscription. This MUST NOT be NULL if the alert (1) type (section 2.2.1.3) of the alert subscription is Item alert and MUST be NULL if the alert (1) type of the alert subscription is List alert.

**EventType**: An alert (1) event (2) type (section 2.2.2.1) that specifies an integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to send the notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**NotifyFrequency**: A notification frequency type (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies an integer indicating the frequency of the alert (1) notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**UserId**: The user identifier of the user for whom the alert (1) has been created. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**UserEmail**: The e-mail address of the user. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**DirName**: The directory name of the document referred to by the alert subscription. The value MUST be NULL if the alert subscription does not refer to a document.

**LeafName**: The leaf name, or file name, of the document referred to by the alert subscription. The value MUST be NULL if the alert subscription does not refer to a document.

### 3.2.5.34 proc_GetWebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers

The proc_GetWebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers stored procedure is called to return the login name and display name of all users with active alert subscriptions. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId**: The site collection identifier of the site collection. @SiteId MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId**: The site identifier of the site (2). @WebId MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid**: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values**: Returns an integer value that MUST be zero.

**Result Sets**: MUST return a single result set as defined in the following subsection.

### 3.2.5.34.1 WebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers Result Set

WebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers contains a list of login name and display name for all users who have nondeleted alert subscriptions for the site collection specified in the @SiteId parameter and the site (2) specified in the @WebId parameter.

The WebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers result set MUST contain zero rows (3) if there are no nondeleted alert subscriptions for the site collection specified in the @SiteId parameter and the site...
(2) specified in the @WebId parameter. Otherwise if there are nondeleted alert subscriptions, the WebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers result set MUST contain the number of distinct users for whom there are nondeleted alert subscriptions. The WebSubscriptionsUniqueUsers result set MUST be sorted by tp_Login.

The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
    tp_Login               nvarchar(255);
    tp_Title               nvarchar(255);
```

**tp_Login**: The login name of a user with at least one nondeleted alert subscription. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**tp_Title**: The display name of a user with at least one nondeleted alert subscription. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

### 3.2.5.35 proc_HandleMtgRecurPatternChange

The proc_HandleMtgRecurPatternChange stored procedure is called to update the calendar events in a meeting series when the overall recurrence pattern has changed. Specifically, 3 updates are made to the existing meeting calendar events:

1. Any delete exceptions in the range [@InstanceIDStart, @InstanceIDEndDel] are removed.
2. Any modify exceptions in the range [@InstanceIDStart, @InstanceIDEndSplit] are split from the series and become standalone calendar events.
3. Any future modify exceptions after @InstanceIDEndSplit are orphaned.

The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_HandleMtgRecurPatternChange(
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @MtgListID                uniqueidentifier,
    @InstanceIDStart          int,
    @InstanceIDEndDel         int,
    @InstanceIDEndSplit       int,
    @DTStamp                  datetime,
    @UserId                   int,
    @UserTitle                nvarchar(255),
    @InstanceIDSplitMax       int = NULL OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT;
)
```

**@SiteId**: Specifies the site collection identifier for the site collection in which the meeting series exists. @SiteId MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId**: The identifier of the site (2) in which the meeting series exists. @WebId MUST NOT be NULL.

**@MtgListID**: Specifies the identifier of the list (1) representing the meeting series data.

**@InstanceIDStart**: Specifies the starting instance to modify.

**@InstanceIDEndDel**: Specifies the ending instance for removing delete exceptions.

---

[*MS-WSSEUX3*] — v20120630
Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database End-User Experience Communications Version 3 Protocol Specification

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Release: July 16, 2012
@InstanceIDEndSplit: Specifies the ending instance for splitting modify exceptions, all modify exceptions after this one will be orphaned.

@DTStamp: Specifies the datetime stamp for the meeting series. Modify exceptions before this date are split off from the series and made standalone calendar events. Modify exceptions after this date are orphaned.

@UserId: Specifies the user identifier of the meeting organizer.

@UserTitle: Specifies the user name of the meeting organizer.

@InstanceIDSplitMax: Returns the highest instance identifier that is now split off from the series. This value is filled and returned to the caller.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.36 proc_HTCreateRow

The proc_HTCreateRow stored procedure is called to put a file into the HTML translate cache. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_HTCreateRow(
    @DocSiteId         uniqueidentifier,
    @DocDirName        nvarchar(256),
    @DocLeafName       nvarchar(128),
    @TransName         nvarchar(128),
    @JobType           tinyint,
    @File              varbinary(max),
    @MainFile          bit,
    @maxCacheSize      int,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);```

@DocSiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the original document.

@DocDirName: Directory name for the original document.

@DocLeafName: Leaf name for the original document.

@TransName: The name of the translated file being put into the HTML translate cache.

@JobType: A value specifying the browser type that this HTML translate cache file was created for. This value MUST be one of the values listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>The raw user agent string of the client browser starts with &quot;Mozilla/1&quot;, &quot;Mozilla/3&quot; or &quot;Mozilla/4&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>All other values of the raw user agent string of the client browser.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>HTML Transform of document failed or was not allowed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@File: The content of the file being stored in the HTML translate cache.
@MainFile: Specifies whether or not this is the main file for the set of translated files associated with the original document. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@maxCacheSize: The maximum total size allowed for all HTML transformed files associated with the original document for this @JobType. This value is specified in megabytes.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** MUST return an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;-4&quot;</td>
<td>Cache entry already exists with the same @DocSiteId, @DocDirName, @DocLeafName and @TransName.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.37 proc_HTGetFile

The **proc_HTGetFile** stored procedure is called to get the contents of a single file from the HTML translate cache. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_HTGetFile(
    @DocSiteId         uniqueidentifier,  
    @DocDirName        nvarchar(256),     
    @DocLeafName       nvarchar(128),     
    @TransName         nvarchar(128),     
    @JobType           tinyint,           
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier= NULL OUTPUT
)
```

- **@DocSiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the original document.
- **@DocDirName:** Directory name for the original document.
- **@DocLeafName:** Leaf name for the original document.
- **@TransName:** The name of the translated file being retrieved from the HTML translate cache.
- **@JobType:** A value specifying the browser type that this HTML translate cache file was created for. This MUST be one of the values in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>The raw user agent string of the client browser starts with &quot;Mozilla/1&quot;, &quot;Mozilla/3&quot; or &quot;Mozilla/4&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>All other values of the raw user agent string of the client browser.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>HTML Transform of document failed or was not allowed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** MUST return an integer return code of zero.
**Result Sets:** MUST return the **File** result set.

### 3.2.5.37.1 File Result Set

The **File** result set returns the file that uniquely matches the input parameters. This result set MUST return one row (3) containing the file, if a match for the file is found. Otherwise, it MUST return zero rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
{File}                 image;
```

{File}: The file’s content.

### 3.2.5.38 proc_HTGuidFromOrig

The **proc_HTGuidFromOrig** stored procedure is called to get the name of the main file for the set of translated files in the HTML translate cache associated with the original document. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_HTGuidFromOrig(
    @DocSiteId         uniqueidentifier,
    @DocDirName        nvarchar(256),
    @DocLeafName       nvarchar(128),
    @JobType           tinyint,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@DocSiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the original document.

@DocDirName: Directory name for the original document.

@DocLeafName: Leaf name for the original document.

@JobType: A value specifying the browser type that this HTML translate cache file was created for. This value MUST be one of the values in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>The raw user agent string of the client browser starts with &quot;Mozilla/1&quot;, &quot;Mozilla/3&quot; or &quot;Mozilla/4&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>All other values of the raw user agent string of the client browser.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>HTML Transform of document failed or was not allowed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** Returns an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;5&quot;</td>
<td>Access is denied.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST return a **Translation Name** result set.
3.2.5.38.1 Translation Name Result Set

The Translation Name result set returns the name of the main file for the set of translated files in the HTML translate cache associated with the original document. This result set MUST contain one row (3) if a corresponding row exists. The client MUST use the data in the first row (3) and ignore the rest. If none exist, it MUST return zero rows (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
TransName nvarchar(128);
```

**TransName**: The name of the main file for the set of translated files in the HTML translate cache associated with the original document.

3.2.5.39 proc_InstantiateMtgSeriesOccurrence

The proc_InstantiateMtgSeriesOccurrence stored procedure is called to instantiate an occurrence of a recurring meeting series. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_InstantiateMtgSeriesOccurrence(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @InstanceID int,
    @DTStartUTC datetime,
    @CreateOrphaned bit = 0,
    @ForAttendees bit = NULL,
    @AlreadyInstantiated bit = NULL OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId**: Specifies the site collection identifier for the site collection in which the meeting series exists. @SiteId MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId**: The identifier of the site (2) in which the meeting series exists. @WebId MUST NOT be NULL.

**@InstanceID**: Specifies the identifier of the meeting instance containing the occurrence to instantiate. @InstanceID MUST NOT be NULL.

**@DTStartUTC**: Specifies the start date of the meeting series in UTC.

**@CreateOrphaned**: Specifies whether the occurrence should be orphaned from the meeting series. Zero ("0"), which is the default, means do not orphan the occurrence. "1" means orphan the occurrence.

**@ForAttendees**: Specifies whether to copy over attendee series data as well to the new occurrence. "1" means copy only attendees, zero ("0") means copy all except attendees, and NULL, which is the default, mean copy all.

**@AlreadyInstantiated**: Specifies the output parameter that is set to "1" if the meeting was already instantiated. Otherwise, it is set to zero ("0").

**@RequestGuid**: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values**: An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion. The meeting series occurrence was successfully instantiated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>The target meeting series item corresponding to the specified @SiteId and @WebId could not be created.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;87&quot;</td>
<td>Invalid parameter encountered when creating the meeting series item. @SiteId or @WebId contains invalid data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| "13"  | Two possible failure conditions:  
|       | - No meeting series found for the given @WebId  
|       | - List (1) name not specified in default meeting instance |
| "80"  | The meeting occurrence was already instantiated. |
| "160" | Bad argument used to create the meeting series item. @SiteId or @WebId contains invalid data. |
| "183" | An instance for this meeting already exists where the calendar event type is not equal to "2". |
| "212" | Site collection locked. The operation could not be performed because the site collection containing the meeting series item is in read-only mode. |
| "1150"| Unable to create the new occurrence; a newer version of Windows is required. |
| "1816"| Disk quota error. The quota for the site collection has reached the maximum allowable limit. |

**Result Sets**: MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.40 proc_ListDocsHavingComments

The proc_ListDocsHavingComments stored procedure is called to get the collection of documents in a given folder or site (2) that has at least one Web discussion comment. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```t-sql
PROCEDURE proc_ListDocsHavingComments(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebUrl nvarchar(256),
    @DocDir nvarchar(256),
    @Collation nvarchar(32),
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

- **@SiteId**: The identifier of the site collection containing the documents whose Web discussion comments are to be retrieved. @SiteId MUST NOT be NULL.
- **@WebUrl**: The store-relative URL to the site (2) containing the documents whose Web discussion comments are to be retrieved.
- **@DocDir**: The store-relative URL to the folder containing the documents whose Web discussion comments are to be retrieved. If this parameter is NULL, all documents with at least one Web discussion comment in the site (2) MUST be returned.
- **@Collation**: A Windows collation name string identifier that follows the format for the T-SQL COLLATE clause. This MUST be the collation name of one of the valid collation order values, with the...
case-insensitive and accent-sensitive flags set. For example, the default collation order is 25,
Latin1_General, which with the case-insensitive and accent-sensitive flags set has a SQL collation
name string of "Latin1_General_CI_AS". This MUST NOT be NULL.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>The site (2) identified by @SiteId and @WebUrl could not be found.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST return the ListDocsHavingComments result set when the return code is zero.

3.2.5.40.1 ListDocsHavingComments Result Set

The ListDocsHavingComments result set returns a collection of documents in the specified
location containing the Web discussion comments, along with the count of Web discussion
comments for each document. This result set contains one row (3) per document with at least one
Web discussion comment. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

| Id                     | uniqueidentifier,                      |
| DirName                | nvarchar(256),                         |
| LeafName               | nvarchar(128),                         |
| {Count}                | int;                                    |

Id: The identifier of the document.

DirName: The directory name of the document.

LeafName: The leaf name of the document.

{Count}: The count of Web discussion comments associated with the document.

3.2.5.41 proc_MatchSchedSubscriptions

The proc_MatchSchedSubscriptions stored procedure is called to return scheduled alert
subscriptions that are due and for which alert (1) notifications haven't been sent out, for a given site
collection and notification frequency. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_MatchSchedSubscriptions(
  @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
  @NotifyFreq        int,
  @bAlwaysNotify     bit,
  @EventTime         datetime,
  @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
@bAlwaysNotify: A bit indicating whether the event (2) information is returned along with the alert subscriptions that are requested to be returned. The value MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Return event (2) and alert subscription information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Return only alert subscription information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@EventTime: A datetime in UTC indicating the current time.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: MUST return an integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return a single result set as defined in the following subsection.

3.2.5.41.1 SchedSubscriptions Result Set

The SchedSubscriptions result set contains the alert subscriptions for the site collection specified by @SiteId and notify frequency specified by @NotifyFreq. The notify frequency is the interval at which alert (1) notifications are sent to the user. The SchedSubscriptions result set MUST be returned. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
WebId            uniqueidentifier,
ListId           uniqueidentifier,
UserId           int,
UserEmail        nvarchar(255),
SiteUrl          nvarchar(136),
WebUrl           nvarchar(256),
ListUrl          nvarchar(256),
WebTitle         nvarchar(255),
WebLanguage      int,
WebLocale        int,
WebTimeZone      smallint,
WebTime24        bit,
WebCalendarType  smallint,
WebAdjustHijriDays smallint,
ListTitle        nvarchar(255),
ListBaseType     int,
ListServerTemplate int,
{ItemName}       nvarchar(255),
{ItemFullUrl}    nvarchar(260),
{ModifiedBy}     nvarchar(255),
{TimeLastModified} datetime,
Id               uniqueidentifier,
{Id}             bigint,
EventType        int,
{EventType}      int,
{ItemId}         int,
NotifyTime       datetime,
NotifyFreq       int,
Properties       ntext,
AlertTitle       nvarchar(1000),
AlertType        tinyint,
AlwaysNotifyBit  bit,
```
WebId: The site identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListId: The list identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

UserId: The user identifier with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

UserEmail: The e-mail address of the user with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

SiteUrl: The URL of the site collection with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebUrl: The URL of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListUrl: The URL of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebTitle: The title of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated.

WebLanguage: The language identifier of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebLocale: The LCID of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebTimeZone: The time zone of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebTime24: A bit value that specifies whether the time displayed for the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated is in 12-hour or 24-hour format. A value of zero ("0") indicates 12-hour format, and a value of "1" indicates 24-hour format. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebCalendarType: Contains calendar type, for non-Gregorian calendars, of the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

WebAdjustHijriDays: The number of days to extend or reduce the current month in Hijri calendars on the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListTitle: The title of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListBaseType: The base type of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

ListServerTemplate: The list template of the list (1) with which this alert subscription is associated. The value MUST NOT be NULL.
{ItemName}: A string that specifies the name of the object (1) under which this event (2) has occurred. The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

{ItemFullUrl}: A string that specifies the server-relative URL of the object (1) under which this event (2) has occurred. The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

{ModifiedBy}: A string that specifies the login name of a security principal (2) who added this event (2). The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

{TimeLastModified}: A Time Stamp in UTC that specifies the time when this event (2) was last modified. The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

Id: The identifier of this alert subscription. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

{Id}: The identifier of this event (2) in the change log. The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

EventType: Specified in section 2.2.2.1.

{EventType}: A 4-byte unsigned integer bit mask that specifies the type of an event (2). If the value is NOT NULL, it MUST have one or more of the flags that are specified in [MS-WSSDLIM] section 2.2.2.2. The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

{ItemId}: The integer that identifies a list item on which the event (2) has occurred. The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

NotifyTime: The time in UTC that the alert (1) is scheduled for.

NotifyFreq: A notification frequency type (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies an integer indicating the frequency of the alert (1) notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

Properties: An XML blob representing the properties of the alert (1).

AlertTitle: The title of the alert (1) of the alert subscription.

AlertType: A tinyint specifies the type of the alert (1), as specified in section 2.2.1.3.

AlwaysNotifyBit: A bit specifies the type of the alert (1). The value is 1 when alert is an always notify alert, the value is 0 when alert is not an always notify alert.

SystemBit: A bit specifies the type of the alert (1). The value is 1 when alert is a system alert, the value is 0 when alert is not a system alert.

AlertTemplateName: The name of the alert template of the alert subscription.

DeliveryChannel: Specifies the delivery channel for the alert subscription, as defined in section 2.2.1.1.

{EventData}: Contains implementation-specific event (2) data significant to the front-end Web server but otherwise opaque to the back-end database server. This data is stored in the change log in the back-end database server along with this event (2). The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".

{LookupFieldPermissionResults}: Contains implementation-specific data over the permissions the user has for lookup fields. The value MUST be NULL when @bAlwaysNotify is "1".
3.2.5.42 proc_ModifySubscription

The `proc_ModifySubscription` stored procedure is called to modify an existing alert subscription. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ModifySubscription(
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @SubId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @NotifyFreq               int,
    @NotifyTime               datetime,
    @NotifyTimeUTC            datetime,
    @Status                   tinyint,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @EventType                int,
    @UserId                   int,
    @SiteUrl                  nvarchar(136),
    @WebUrl                   nvarchar(256),
    @WebTitle                 nvarchar(255),
    @WebLanguage             int,
    @WebLocale               int,
    @WebTimeZone             smallint,
    @WebTime24                bit,
    @WebCalendarType         smallint,
    @WebAdjustHijriDays      smallint,
    @AlertTitle              nvarchar(1000),
    @AlertType                int,
    @AlertTemplateName      nvarchar(256),
    @Filter                   nvarchar(4000) ,
    @BinaryFilter            varbinary(1024),
    @Properties              nvarchar(max),
    @DeliveryChannel         int,
    @UserEmail                nvarchar(255) = NULL OUTPUT,
    @ItemName                 nvarchar(255) = NULL OUTPUT,
    @ItemId                   int OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier for the site collection in which the list (1) or item exists. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@SubId: The GUID of the alert subscription that is being modified. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@NotifyFreq: A notification frequency type (section 2.2.1.6) that specifies an `integer` indicating the frequency of the alert (1) notification.

@NotifyTime: The time, in local time for the site (2) in which the list (1) or item exists, at which the alert (1) is scheduled for. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@NotifyTimeUTC: The time in UTC when the alert (1) is supposed to be sent. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@Status: An alert (1) status type (section 2.2.1.2) that specifies an `integer` indicating the status of the alert subscription. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebId: The site identifier for the site (2) in which the list (1) or item exists. This value MUST NOT be NULL.
@EventType: An alert (1) event (2) type (section 2.2.1) that specifies an integer mask for the types of events (2) on which to fire the notification. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@UserId: The user identifier of the user for whom the alert (1) is modified. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@SiteUrl: The URL of the site collection in which the list (1) or item exists. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebUrl: The URL of the site (2) in which the list (1) or item exists. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebTitle: The title of the site (2) in which the list (1) or item exists.

@WebLanguage: The LCID of the display language of the site (2) containing the list (1) or item. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebLocale: An Integer representing the LCID of the site (2) locale. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebTimeZone: The time zone identifier for the time zone to be used when displaying time values for this site (2). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebTime24: A Boolean indicating if the Time is in a 24 hour format or a 12 hour format. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebCalendarType: The calendar type for the site (2). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@WebAdjustHijriDays: The number of days to extend or reduce the current month in Hijri calendars on the site (2) with which this alert subscription is associated. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@AlertTitle: The title of the alert (1) of the alert subscription.

@AlertType: An integer whose lower eight bits specify the type of the alert (1), as specified in section 2.2.1.3. This MUST also contain the special alert (1) flags (section 2.2.2.2) for an always notify alert or a system alert. AlertType is split to AlertTypeTiny, AlwaysNotifyBit and SystemBit. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

@AlertTemplateName: The name of the alert template of the alert subscription.

@Filter: The syntax query in CAML for a filter to apply to the alert (1) associated with this alert subscription.

@BinaryFilter: The compiled binary syntax query in CAML for a filter to apply to the alert (1) associated with this alert subscription.

@Properties: An XML blob representing the properties of the alert (1).

@DeliveryChannel: Specifies the delivery channel for the alert subscription as defined by the alert (1) delivery channel type (section 2.2.1.1).

@UserEmail: The e-mail address of the user.

@ItemName: The name of the item associated with the alert subscription.
@ItemId: The item identifier associated with the alert subscription. This MUST NOT be NULL if the AlertType of the alert subscription is an Item type (section 2.2.1.3) and MUST be NULL if the AlertType of the alert subscription is a List type.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;31&quot;</td>
<td>Error finding or modifying the alert subscription.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.43 proc_MoveDataToOccurrence

The proc_MoveDataToOccurrence stored procedure is called to move meeting instance data to the specified occurrence. This may be used to fix orphaned instances. An occurrence can be orphaned when a series is instantiated and then the recurrence pattern is changed, making the RecurrenceID invalid. The user may use this stored procedure to preserve the data in the instance by transferring it to a valid occurrence. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MoveDataToOccurrence(
    @UserId                   int,
    @UserTitle                nvarchar(255),
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @FromInstanceID           int,
    @ToInstanceID             int,
    @CheckFromInstanceID      bit,
    @OverwriteToInstance      bit,
    @CreateMeetingEntry       bit,
    @ToDTStartUTC             datetime,
    @CreateOrphaned           bit,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@UserId: An identifier for the user that is requesting the operation. This value MUST refer to an existing user identifier for the specified site (2).

@UserTitle: A string containing the title of the user who wishes to perform the operation. This parameter is optional.

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the meeting series.

@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) containing the meeting series.

@FromInstanceID: The identifier of the instance to be moved.

@ToInstanceID: The identifier of the instance to which to be moved. If this parameter is "-3", the instance data is not copied to any target occurrence, but is removed from the source occurrence.

@CheckFromInstanceID: A bit parameter that specifies whether validation on FromInstance is performed or not. If this parameter is "1" and @FromInstanceID is the same as @ToInstanceID, it
MUST return "2". If this parameter is "1" and @FromInstanceID is not the same as @ToInstanceID, validation on FromInstance is performed. If this parameter is zero ("0"), no validation is performed on FromInstance.

@OverwriteToInstance: A bit parameter that specifies whether the instance should be overwritten.

@CreateMeetingEntry: A bit parameter that specifies whether a new meeting entry should be created in the table. The value MUST be the opposite of @OverwriteToInstance.

@ToDTStartUTC: Start date of the meeting series of the target instance in UTC.

@CreateOrphaned: A bit parameter that specifies whether the target instance should be orphaned from the new series.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>The Source Instance was not found, was not orphaned, or contained invalid event (2) type data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>The list item corresponding to the From Instance does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;5&quot;</td>
<td>Access denied. The current user specified by the @UserId parameter is not the same as the author of the list item of FromInstanceId when the instance restriction level is &quot;1&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;13&quot;</td>
<td>Data was not moved to the target occurrence because at least one of the following conditions was met: 1. Source and target instances were the same and CheckFromInstanceID, OverwriteToInstance, or CreateMeetingEntry is &quot;1&quot;. 2. OverwriteToInstance and CreateMeetingEntry are both &quot;1&quot; or OverwriteToInstance is &quot;1&quot; when ToInstanceId is &quot;.-3&quot;. 3. The target instance was not found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33&quot;</td>
<td>Attempt to delete directories that contain checked out files in the FromInstanceId. It is returned by proc_DropListRecord. See [MS-WSSDLIM].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;87&quot;</td>
<td>Invalid parameter encountered when creating the meeting series item. @SiteId or @WebId contain invalid data. Returned by proc_InstantiateMtgSeriesOccurrence (section 3.2.5.39).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1150&quot;</td>
<td>Concurrency violation during proc_DropListRecord. See [MS-WSSDLIM].</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.44 proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByDocId

The proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByDocId stored procedure is called to add a new navigation node that points to an existing document in the site (2) from the site’s navigation structure. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:
PROCEDURE proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByDocId(
  @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
  @WebId uniqueidentifier,
  @Eid int,
  @EidParent int,
  @EidPrevSib int,
  @ElementType tinyint,
  @DocId uniqueidentifier,
  @Name nvarchar(256),
  @NameResource nvarchar(520),
  @NodeMetaInfo varbinary(max),
  @NonNavPage bit,
  @NavSequence bit,
  @EidBase int,
  @EidHome int OUTPUT,
  @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: Specifies the site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the site (2).

@WebId: Specifies the site identifier of the site (2) to which the navigation node is to be added.

@Eid: Specifies the navigation node element identifier of the new navigation node. This MUST NOT be NULL. Values between "1" and "999" are treated as temporary values. The final navigation node element identifier of a temporary value MUST be the sum of @Eid and @EidBase. An @Eid value of "1000" MUST NOT be used for nodes other than the home page. The combination of the navigation node element identifier, @SiteId, and @WebId MUST be unique.

@EidParent: Specifies the navigation node element identifier of the navigation node under which the new navigation node is being added. This MUST NOT be NULL. Values between "1" and "999" are treated as temporary values. The final navigation node element identifier of a temporary value MUST be the sum of @EidParent and @EidBase.

@EidPrevSib: Specifies the navigation node that precedes the new node. This MUST be either the navigation node element identifier of the preceding node or a value from the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;-1&quot;</td>
<td>The new navigation node MUST be added as the first child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;-2&quot;</td>
<td>The new navigation node MUST be added as the last child.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Values between "1" and "999" are treated as temporary values. If @EidPrevSib specifies a navigation node element identifier, the final navigation node element identifier of a temporary value MUST be the sum of @EidPrevSib and @EidBase.

@ElementType: Specifies the navigation node type (section 2.2.1.5) of the new navigation node. This value MUST be zero. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@DocId: The identifier of the document to which the new navigation node points.

@Name: The display name of the navigation node. This MUST NOT be NULL

@NameResource: The resource name for the navigation node.
@NodeMetainfo: A binary serialization of the metadata for a navigation node in metadict form ([MS-FPSE] section 2.2.2.11). This MAY be NULL.

@NonNavPage: A bit specifying whether the navigation node is hidden when rendering the navigation structure. If this is "1", the navigation node SHOULD be omitted. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@NavSequence: A bit specifying whether the node represents a link bar. This value MUST be zero. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@EidBase: The base value to use if the @Eid value is a temporary value. This MUST be the value returned by proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId (section 3.2.5.46) before this stored procedure is called. If the @Eid value is NOT a temporary value, this MUST be ignored.

@EidHome: If the new navigation node points to the home page of the site (2) and the navigation node represented by @EidParent does not point to a link bar, this MUST return the navigation node element identifier of the new navigation node. Otherwise, it MUST return NULL.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10001&quot;</td>
<td>Either @SiteId or @WebId is NULL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10002&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node specified by @EidParent does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10006&quot;</td>
<td>The new navigation node was not added.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10007&quot;</td>
<td>The document specified by @DocId does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10008&quot;</td>
<td>The document specified by @DocId has no published version.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST return either zero or two result sets. If the return code is zero ("0"), two result sets MUST be returned; otherwise no result set MUST be returned.

3.2.5.44.1 Nav Data Result Set

The Nav Data result set returns information about the newly added navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST return one row (3), as defined section 2.2.4.3.

3.2.5.44.2 Nav Children Result Set

Returns the navigation node element identifier information of all the child objects (1) of the new navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST contain no rows (3) as defined in section 2.2.4.4.

3.2.5.45 proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByUrl

The proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByUrl stored procedure is called to add a new navigation node that points to a specified URL to the site’s (2) navigation structure (section 3.2.1.5). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByUrl(
```

[MS-WSSEUX3] — v20120630

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Release: July 16, 2012
@SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
@WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
@Eid                      int,
@EidParent                int,
@EidPrevSib               int,
@ElementType              tinyint,
@Url                      nvarchar(260),
@Name                     nvarchar(256),
@NameResource             nvarchar(520),
@NodeMetainfo             varbinary(max),
@IgnoreIfExists           bit,
@NonNavPage               bit,
@NavSequence              bit,
@DateLastModified         datetime,
@EidBase                  int,
@EidHome                  int OUTPUT
@RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the site (2).

@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) to which the navigation node is to be added.

@Eid: Specifies the navigation node element identifier of the new navigation node. This MUST NOT be NULL. Values between "1" and "999" are treated as temporary values. The final navigation node element identifier of a temporary value MUST be the sum of @Eid and @EidBase. An @Eid value of "1000" MUST NOT be used for nodes other than the home page.

@EidParent: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node under which the new navigation node is being added.

@EidPrevSib: The positioning of the new navigation node. This MUST either be the navigation node element identifier that precedes the new navigation node, or MUST be a value from the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;.-1&quot;</td>
<td>The new navigation node MUST be added as the first child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;.-2&quot;</td>
<td>The new navigation node MUST be added as the last child.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@ElementType: Specifies the navigation node type (section 2.2.1.5) of the navigation node. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@Url: The URL of the navigation node being added. If @ElementType is zero ("0") and @NavSequence is zero ("0"), the navigation node is based on the identifier of a document in the site collection. If the navigation node is based on the document identifier, the URL MUST be in store-relative form.

@Name: The display name of the navigation node. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@NameResource: The resource name for the navigation node.

@NodeMetainfo: A binary serialization of the metadata for a navigation node in metadict form ([MS-FPSE] section 2.2.2.2.11). This MAY be NULL.
@IgnoreIfExists: A bit specifying whether to ignore adding the new navigation node if one specified by @Eid already exists. If "1" and a node with the same navigation node element identifier exists, the new navigation node MUST NOT be added. If set to zero ("0") and a navigation node with the same navigation node element identifier exists, the new navigation node is created as normal, but the RankChild value is incremented.

@NonNavPage: A bit specifying whether the navigation node is hidden when rendering the navigation structure. If this is "1", the navigation node SHOULD be omitted. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@NavSequence: A bit specifying whether the new navigation node represents a link bar. If this is "1", the navigation node MUST represent a link bar. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@DateLastModified: A datatime value specifying the time in UTC when this navigation node was added.

@EidBase: The base value to use if the @Eid value is a temporary value. This MUST be the value returned by proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId (section 3.2.5.46) before this stored procedure is called. If the @Eid value is not a temporary value, this MUST be ignored.

@EidHome: If the new navigation node points to the home page of the site (2) and the navigation node represented by @EidParent does not point to a link bar, this MUST return the navigation node element identifier of the new navigation node. Otherwise, it MUST return NULL.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10001&quot;</td>
<td>Either @SiteId or @WebId is NULL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10002&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node specified by @EidParent does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10006&quot;</td>
<td>The new navigation node was not added.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10007&quot;</td>
<td>The document specified by @Url does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10008&quot;</td>
<td>The document specified by @Url does not have a published version.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: If the return code is zero ("0"), two result sets MUST be returned; otherwise no result set MUST be returned.

3.2.5.45.1 Nav Data Result Set

Returns information about the new added navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST return one row (3), as defined in section 2.2.4.3.

3.2.5.45.2 Nav Children Result Set

The Nav Children result set returns the navigation node element identifier information of all the child objects (1) of the new navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST contain no rows (3), as defined in section 2.2.4.4.
3.2.5.46 proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId

The `proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId` stored procedure is called to reserve a set of identifiers for navigation node elements for new navigation nodes or navigation nodes that are moved under a different navigation node. This stored procedure MUST update the site’s (2) next available identifier for navigation node elements. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @TempEidCount int,
    @EidMaxNew int,
    @EidBase int OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) for which identifiers for navigation node elements are being reserved.

@TempEidCount: The number of new identifiers for navigation node elements that need to be reserved. This value MUST be greater than or equal to zero.

@EidMaxNew: Specifies the maximum value of a temporary identifier for a navigation node element for the navigation nodes that are added or moved in subsequent calls.

@EidBase: An output parameter containing the base identifier for navigation node elements to be used by the subsequent calls to update the navigation structure (section 3.2.1.5).

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10001&quot;</td>
<td>The site (2) specified by @WebId does not exist. @EidBase is set to NULL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10004&quot;</td>
<td>The next available identifier for navigation node elements value for this site (2) could not be updated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST return zero result sets.

3.2.5.47 proc_NavStructClear

The `proc_NavStructClear` stored procedure is called to delete the navigation structure of a site and any references to the contained navigation nodes. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_NavStructClear(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```
@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the site (2).
@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) for which the navigation structure is to be deleted.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: proc_NavStructClear returns an integer return code that MUST be ignored.
Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.48 proc_NavStructDeleteNodeByIds

The proc_NavStructDeleteNodeByIds stored procedure is called to delete a navigation node and all its child navigation nodes. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_NavStructDeleteNodeByIds(
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @Eid                      int,
    @DateModified             datetime,
    @DateModifiedReally       datetime OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site (2) specified by @WebId.
@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) that contains the navigation node.
@Eid: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node to be deleted.
@DateModified: A datetime value specifying the last known time in UTC when this navigation node was changed. The value of @DateModified MUST match the actual last-modified time to complete successfully.
@DateModifiedReally: An output parameter containing a datetime value specifying the time in UTC when the navigation node was last changed. For a successful completion, this specifies the time when the navigation node was deleted. If the return value is “10004”, this specifies the time when the navigation node was last changed. If the navigation node does not exist, this value SHOULD be NULL.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“0”</td>
<td>Successful completion or the navigation node does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“10004”</td>
<td>The navigation node has been changed since the time specified by @DateModified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.
3.2.5.49 proc_NavStructLogChangesAndUpdateSiteChangedTime

The proc_NavStructLogChangesAndUpdateSiteChangedTime stored procedure is called to update the change log with information about site (2) navigation changes that took place at a specified time. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```tsql
PROCEDURE proc_NavStructLogChangesAndUpdateSiteChangedTime(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @TimeLastModifiedIncoming datetime,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the change log.

@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) containing the change log.

@TimeLastModifiedIncoming: The datetime of the last update. If this parameter is NULL, then the current datetime MUST be used in the change log.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer value that MUST be ignored.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.50 proc_NavStructMoveNode

The proc_NavStructMoveNode stored procedure is called to move a navigation node and all of its child objects (1) from under one parent navigation node to another within the site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```tsql
PROCEDURE proc_NavStructMoveNode(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @Eid int,
    @EidParentNew int,
    @EidPrevSib int,
    @DateModified datetime,
    @EidBase int,
    @EidHome int,
    @DateModifiedReally datetime OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the site (2) specified by @WebId.

@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) that contains the navigation node.

@Eid: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node to move.

@EidParentNew: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node within the site (2) specified by @SiteId and @WebId that is the new parent of the navigation node being moved.
@EidPrevSib: Specifies the navigation node that precedes the new node. MUST be either the navigation node element identifier of the preceding node or a value from the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-1</td>
<td>The new navigation node MUST be added as the first child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-2</td>
<td>The new navigation node MUST be added as the last child.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@DateModified: A datetime value specifying the last known time when this navigation node was changed that must match the actual last-modified time for the operation to complete successfully.

@EidBase: The base value to use if the @Eid value is a temporary value. This MUST be the value returned by proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId (section 3.2.5.46) before this stored procedure is called. If the @Eid value is NOT a temporary value, this MUST be ignored.

@EidHome: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node that points to the home page of the site (2) specified by @SiteId and @WebId.

@DateModifiedReally: An output parameter containing a datetime value specifying the time when the navigation node was last changed. For a successful completion, this represents the time when the navigation node was moved. If the return code is "10004", this represents the time when the navigation node was last changed. If the navigation node does not exist or cannot be moved, this value SHOULD be NULL.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10004&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node specified by @Eid for the site (2) specified by @SiteId and @WebId has been changed since the time specified by @DateModified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10005&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node specified by @Eid does not exist for the site (2) specified by @WebId and @SiteId.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10002&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node specified by @EidParentNew does not exist in the site (2) specified by @WebId and @SiteId</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;10006&quot;</td>
<td>The navigation node could not be moved.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: If the return code is zero ("0"), this stored procedure MUST return a Nav Data result set and a Nav Children result set. Otherwise this procedure MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.50.1 Nav Data Result Set

Returns information about the new added navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST return one row (3), as defined in section 2.2.4.3.

3.2.5.50.2 Nav Children Result Set

The Nav Children result set returns the navigation node element identifier information of all the child objects (1) of the new navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST contain no rows (3), as defined in section 2.2.4.4.
3.2.5.51 proc_OrphanRecurringEventExceptions

The **proc_OrphanRecurringEventExceptions** stored procedure is called to orphan the meeting instances in the database that correspond to exceptions.

The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_OrphanRecurringEventExceptions(
    @SiteID                   uniqueidentifier,
    @ListID                   uniqueidentifier,
    @WebID                    uniqueidentifier,
    @UID                      uniqueidentifier,
    @ServerTemplate           int,
    @SeriesItemID             int,
    @UserID                   int,
    @RecurrenceColName        nvarchar(64),
    @RecurrenceRowOrd         int = 0,
    @EventTypeColName         nvarchar(64),
    @EventTypeRowOrd          int = 0,
    @RecDataColName           nvarchar(64),
    @RecDataRowOrd            int = 0,
    @UIDColName               nvarchar(64),
    @UIDRowOrd                tinyint = 0,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the list (1) that the specified item is being added to.

**@ListID:** The list identifier of the list (1) that the specified item is being added to.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for the site (2) containing the list (1) that the specified item is being added to.

**@UID:** A GUID identifying a particular meeting series.

**@ServerTemplate:** The integer value of the meetings list template type.

**@SeriesItemID:** The identifier of the meeting instance list item corresponding to the master instance of the recurring meeting series.

**@UserID:** The integer that identifies the current user.

**@RecurrenceColName:** The name of the column (1) in the **AllUserData** table that corresponds to the recurrence identifier of the recurring meeting series. For more details about the **AllUserData** table, see **[MS-WSSFO3]** section 2.2.6.2.

**@RecurrenceRowOrd:** The ordinal of the list item that SHOULD contain the recurrence identifier specified inside the column (1) identified by the @RecurrenceColName parameter.

**@EventTypeColName:** The name of the column (1) in the **AllUserData** table that corresponds to the event (2) type.

**@EventTypeRowOrd:** The ordinal of the list item that SHOULD contain the event (2) type information specified inside the column (1) identified by the @EventTypeColName parameter.
@RecDataColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the recurrence data of the recurring meeting series.

@ RecDataRowOrd: The ordinal of the list item that SHOULD contain the recurrence data specified inside the column (1) identified by the @RecDataColName parameter.

@UIDColName: The name of the column (1) in the AllUserData table that corresponds to the unique identifier of the recurring meeting series.

@UIDRowOrd: The name of the row (3) ordinal in the AllUserData table that contains the unique identifier of the recurring meeting series in the column (1) specified by the @UIDColName parameter.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result set.

3.2.5.52 proc_ProcessDelMtgAttendeeListItem

The proc_ProcessDelMtgAttendeeListItem stored procedure is called to remove a meeting attendee list item from a meetings list (1). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_ProcessDelMtgAttendeeListItem(
    @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId             uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId            uniqueidentifier,
    @ItemId            int,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of a site collection.

@WebId: The site identifier of a site (2) within the site collection.

@ListId: The list identifier of an attendees list (1) in the site (2).

@ItemId: The identifier of the list item corresponding to the item for an attendee.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;13&quot;</td>
<td>Attendee was not found in list (1).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST return zero or one result sets as defined in the following subsection.

3.2.5.52.1 Site Audit Mask Result Set

The Site Audit Mask result set returns the information about the audit flags associated with the specified site (2). The Site Audit Mask result set is returned if and only if a single attendee match
is found, and there exists a site (2) defining the security roles on the specified site (2) designated by
the @WebId parameter. The Site Audit Mask result set MUST return a single row (3).

The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
{Id}                   uniqueidentifier,
{AuditFlags}           int,
{InheritAuditFlags}    int,
{GlobalAuditMask}      int;
```

{Id}: The identifier of the specified site (2). This MUST be the same as @WebId.

{AuditFlags}: An audit flag’s value determining the operations to be tracked on this site (2). This
value MUST be NULL if the site (2) cannot be found within the site collection.

{InheritAuditFlags}: An audit flag’s value determining the operations to be tracked on one of this
site’s (2) child objects (1). This value MUST be NULL if the site (2) cannot be found within the site
collection.

{GlobalAuditMask}: An audit flag’s value determining the operations to be tracked across the site
collection that contains this site (2). This value MUST be NULL if the site collection cannot be found.

3.2.5.53 proc_PutWebNavStructNode

The proc_PutWebNavStructNode stored procedure is called to update the properties of a
navigation node. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_PutWebNavStructNode(
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @Eid                      int,
    @EidBase                  int,
    @EidHome                  int,
    @DateModified             datetime = NULL,
    @DirName                  nvarchar(256) = NULL,
    @LeafName                 nvarchar(128) = NULL,
    @UrlExternal              nvarchar(260)= NULL,
    @Name                     nvarchar(256) = NULL,
    @SetMetaInfo              bit = 0,
    @NodeMetainfo             varbinary(max) = NULL,
    @NonNavPage               bit = NULL,
    @NavSequence              bit = NULL,
    @WantOldName              bit = 0,
    @DateModifiedReally       datetime = OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the site (2) specified by
@WebId.

@WebId: The site identifier of the site (2) to which the navigation node belongs.

@Eid: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node to be updated.
@EidBase: The base value to use if the @Eid value is a temporary value. This MUST be the value returned by proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId (section 3.2.5.46) before this stored procedure is called. If the @Eid value is NOT a temporary value, this MUST be ignored.

@EidHome: The navigation node element identifier of the navigation node that points to the home page of the site (2).

@DateModified: A datetime value specifying the last known time when this navigation node was changed. If not NULL, the value of @DateModified MUST match the actual last-modified time to complete successfully. If NULL, the navigation node is considered current.

@DirName: The store-relative form directory name of the document that this navigation node represents. This MUST be ignored if @LeafName is NULL or the navigation node has a navigation node type "1" (section 2.2.1.5). If NULL, the navigation node Url and DocId MUST NOT be changed.

@LeafName: The store-relative form leaf name of the document this navigation node represents. This MUST be ignored if @DirName is NULL or the navigation node has a navigation node type "1" (section 2.2.1.5). If NULL, the navigation node Url and DocId MUST NOT be changed.

@UrlExternal: The URL that this navigation node represents. This MUST be ignored if the navigation node has a navigation node element type equal to zero (section 2.2.1.5). If NULL, the navigation node Url MUST NOT be changed.

@Name: The display name of the navigation node. If this is NULL, then the display name MUST NOT be changed.

@SetMetaInfo: A bit specifying whether to update the metadata for a navigation node. If this is "1", the metadata MUST be set to the value specified by @NodeMetainfo. Otherwise, the metadata MUST NOT be changed.

@NodeMetainfo: A binary serialization of the metadata for a navigation node in metadict form ([MS-FPSE] section 2.2.2.2.11). This MAY be NULL.

@NonNavPage: A bit specifying whether the navigation node will be hidden when rendering the navigation structure. If this is "1", the navigation node SHOULD be omitted. If this is NULL, then the corresponding setting for the navigation node MUST NOT be changed.

@NavSequence: A bit specifying whether the node represents a link bar. If this navigation node represents a link bar, this bit MUST be "1". Otherwise, it MUST be zero. If the navigation node specified by @Eid has a navigation node element type equal to zero, this value MUST NOT be "1".

@WantOldName: A bit specifying whether the caller needs the old display name of the navigation node. If this is "1", the Old Name result set MUST be returned.

@DateModifiedReally: An output parameter containing a datetime value that specifies the time when the navigation node was last changed. For a successful completion, this represents the time when the navigation node was updated. If the return code is "10004", this represents the time when the navigation node was last changed. If the navigation node does not exist or cannot be updated, this value SHOULD be NULL.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:
### Value | Description
--- | ---
"0" | Successful completion.
"10005" | The navigation node specified by @Eid does not exist for the site (2) specified by @WebId and @SiteId.
"10004" | The navigation node has been changed since the time specified by @DateModified.
"10007" | The document specified by @DirName and @LeafName does not exist.
"10006" | The navigation node was not updated.

**Result Sets:** MUST return zero, two, or three result sets. If the return code is anything other than zero ("0"), no result set MUST be returned. If the return code is zero ("0"), either two or three result sets MUST be returned.

#### 3.2.5.53.1 Old Name Result Set

The **Old Name** result set returns the old name of the navigation node. If the @WantOldName bit is set to "1" and the return code is zero ("0"), this result set MUST be returned; otherwise this result set MUST NOT be returned. If the result set is returned, it MUST return one row (3). The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```sql
{OldName}              nvarchar(256);
```

){OldName}: The display name of the navigation node before it was changed by this stored procedure.

#### 3.2.5.53.2 Nav Data Result Set

The **Nav Data** result set returns information about the updated navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST return one row (3), as defined in section 2.2.4.3.

#### 3.2.5.53.3 Nav Children Result Set

The **Nav Children** result set returns the navigation node element identifier information of all the child objects (1) of the new navigation node. If returned, this result set MUST contain zero or more rows (3), as defined in section 2.2.4.4.

#### 3.2.5.54 proc_RelinkMeeting

The **proc_RelinkMeeting** stored procedure is called to relink a meeting instance with a meeting series. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_RelinkMeeting(
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @MeetingsListID           uniqueidentifier,
    @InstanceId               int,
    @UserId                   int,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.
@MeetingsListID: A GUID referring to the meetings list (1).

@InstanceID: The identifier of the instance of the meeting that will be re-linked.

@UserId: An integer value referring to the user performing the action.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>No meeting instances were updated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.55  proc_ResolveWikiLinkFile

The proc_ResolveWikiLinkFile stored procedure attempts to determine the full URL to a file from a server-relative URL. Three server-relative URLs are passed in, and the first one to succeed (if any) will return the full URL of the file. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_ResolveWikiLinkFile(
    @SiteId         uniqueidentifier,
    @LinkId         int,
    @FileUrl        nvarchar(V_STORE_MAX_FULLURL),
    @FolderUrl      nvarchar(V_STORE_MAX_FULLURL),
    @FileUrl2       nvarchar(V_STORE_MAX_FULLURL),
    @RequestGuid    uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The GUID of the site (2) containing the file specified by @FileUrl, @FolderUrl, @FileUrl2.

@LinkId: This parameter is passed back in the result set unmodified, and otherwise ignored.

@FileUrl: The first attempt of the server-relative URL, with no leading forward slash (/), to the file.

@FolderUrl: The second attempt of the server-relative URL, with no leading forward slash (/), to the file.

@FileUrl2: The third attempt of the server-relative URL, with no leading forward slash (/), to the file.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Code Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return the result set defined in the following subsection.

3.2.5.55.1  Resolve Wiki Link File Result Set

The Resolve Wiki Link result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```sql
LinkId      int;
```

Preliminary
ResolvedUrl nvarchar(V_STORE_MAX_FULLURL);

LinkId: This MUST be the same value as @LinkId.

ResolvedUrl: The full URL to the file indicated by @FileUrl, @FolderUrl, or @FileUrl2, if the file exists. Otherwise, it MUST be NULL.

3.2.5.56 proc_ResolveWikiLinkItem

The proc_ResolveWikiLinkItem stored procedure is called to determine the URL to a list item. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_ResolveWikiLinkItem(
    @LinkId int,
    @ListId uniqueidentifier,
    @ItemId int,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@LinkId: This parameter is passed back in the result set unmodified, and otherwise ignored.
@ListId: The GUID of the list (1) containing the list item specified by @ItemId.
@ItemId: The identifier of the list item within the list specified by @ListId.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Code Values: An integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST return the result set defined in the following subsection.

3.2.5.56.1 Resolve Wiki Link Item Result Set

The Wiki Link Item result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

LinkId int;
ResolvedUrl nvarchar(V_STORE_MAX_FULLURL);

LinkId: This MUST be the same value as @LinkId.

ResolvedUrl: The full URL to the list item indicated by @ItemId in the list (1) indicated by @ListId, if the list item exists. Otherwise, it MUST be NULL.

3.2.5.57 proc_SetCommentAttribs

The proc_SetCommentAttribs stored procedure is called to update properties on a specified Web discussion comment. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_SetCommentAttribs(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @DocFullUrl nvarchar(260),
    @Id int,
    @Subject nvarchar(255),
    @Status smallint,
    ...
@Comment           nvarchar(max),
@Size              int,
@UserTitle         nvarchar(255),
@RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the specified document. @SiteId MUST NOT be NULL.

@DocFullUrl: The store-relative URL to the document.

@Id: The identifier of the Web discussion comment to be updated.

@Subject: The subject of this Web discussion comment. If NULL, the subject MUST NOT be changed.

@Status: A Web Discussion Comment Status Flag (section 2.2.2.3) that indicates the status of a Web discussion comment. If NULL, the status MUST NOT be changed.

@Comment: The new body text of the Web discussion comment. If NULL, the body text MUST NOT be changed.

@Size: The new size in bytes of this Web discussion comment that is available for use in quota management. If NULL, the size MUST NOT be changed.

@UserTitle: The display name of the user that is adding the Web discussion comment.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;3&quot;</td>
<td>The specified Web discussion comment or document does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;212&quot;</td>
<td>The specified site collection is locked, and writes are disallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1816&quot;</td>
<td>The quota for the specified site collection was exceeded.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.58  proc_SetSecondaryResourceAtScope

The proc_SetSecondaryResourceAtScope stored procedure is called to update a user resource string specified by the @WebId, @ListId and @ResourceName parameters. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_SetSecondaryResourceAtScope (  
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,  
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,  
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,  
    @ResourceName nvarchar(520),  
    @BitType     bit,  
    @LCID        int,
@VarCharVal       nvarchar(256),
@NtextVal          nvarchar(max)
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) that contains the list (1) indicated by @ListId. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@ListId: The identifier of the list (1) that contains the resource indicated by @ResourceName. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@ResourceName: The name of the resource to be updated. If the resource string with the name specified by this parameter already exists for the list (1) specified by @WebId, @ListId and @LCID, this procedure MUST NOT update the resource string. This MUST NOT be NULL.

@BitType: Type of the resource as defined in user resource type (section 2.2.1.10)

@LCID: The LCID for the user resource string. If @LCID is equal to the LCID of the site (2) specified by the @WebId parameter, then this stored procedure MUST NOT update the resource string.

@VarCharVal: Specifies the value of the user resource string. If the value of @BitType is "1", this parameter MUST be NULL.

@NtextVal: Specifies the value of the user resource string. If the value of @BitType is zero ("0"), this parameter MUST be NULL.

Return values: MUST return an integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.59 proc_SetVersionIndependentMetaInfo

The proc_SetVersionIndependentMetaInfo stored procedure is called to set the version-independent metadata of a document. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

PROCEDURE proc_SetVersionIndependentMetaInfo(
    @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
    @DirName           nvarchar(256),
    @LeafName          nvarchar(128),
    @MetaInfo          varbinary(max),
    @MetaInfoSize      int,
    @UpdateHCD         int,
    @HCD               int,
    @UpdatedVersion    int OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of a site collection containing the document whose version-independent metadata is set.

@DirName: The directory name of the document whose version-independent metadata is set.

@LeafName: The leaf name of the document whose version-independent metadata is set.

@MetaInfo: A metadict holding all version-independent metadata for the document.
@MetaInfoSize: The size in bytes of the @MetaInfo parameter.

@UpdateHCD: An integer value specifying whether @HCD, Has Copy Destination, parameter is ignored or not. If this parameter is NULL or equal to 0, @HCD parameter MUST be ignored. Otherwise, @HCD parameter MUST not be ignored.

@HCD: If this parameter is zero ("0"), tp_HasCopyDestinations ([MS-WSSDM2] section 3.1.4.30.1) of the corresponding list (1) that contains the document specified by the @DirName and @LeafName MUST be zero. Otherwise, it MUST be "1".

@UpdatedVersion: The new version of the metadata.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1816&quot;</td>
<td>The site collection is over quota.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;212&quot;</td>
<td>The site collection is locked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;33&quot;</td>
<td>The metadata has been concurrently updated while the stored procedure is executing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.60 proc_SetWebNavStructInheritance

The proc_SetWebNavStructInheritance stored procedure is called to update a site’s (2) inheritable navigation structure to be inherited or unique. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_SetWebNavStructInheritance(
    @SiteId                  uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @Inherits                bit,
    @NavParentWebId          uniqueidentifier OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid             uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@WebId: The site identifier whose inheritable navigation structure is to be updated.

@Inherits: A bit value specifying whether the site (2) specified by @WebId inherits navigation structure from its parent site or not. When set to "1", the site (2) specified by @WebId MUST inherit its inheritable navigation structure from its parent site. When set to zero, the site (2) specified by @WebId MUST have a unique inheritable navigation structure.

@NavParentWebId: Returns the GUID of the first site (2) in the site (2) hierarchy specified by @WebId that does not inherit navigation. When @Inherits is zero, MUST return NULL.

@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** Returns an integer return code that MUST be listed in the following table:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>The site (2) specified by @WebId does not exist, OR The site (2) specified by @WebId already has its inheritable navigation structure in the correct state as specified by the @Inherits flag, and no changes were made.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.61 proc_UnOrphanMtgOccurrence

The `proc_UnOrphanMtgOccurrence` stored procedure is called to re-associate a meeting instance within a meeting series. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UnOrphanMtgOccurrence(
    @SiteId            uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId             uniqueidentifier,
    @InstanceID        int,
    @UserId            int,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

- **@SiteId**: The site collection identifier of the site collection.
- **@WebId**: The site identifier of a Meeting Workspace site. The value MUST be a GUID.
- **@InstanceID**: The identifier of the instance of the meeting that will be re-associated to the meeting series.
- **@UserId**: The identifier of the user performing the action.
- **@RequestGuid**: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** An integer that MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>Either a meeting instance with @InstanceID was not found, or @InstanceID is mapped to more than one row (3) in the UserData view. For more details about UserData view, see [MS-WSSFO3] section 2.2.6.8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;13&quot;</td>
<td>No meetings list (1) was found on the Meeting Workspace site specified by @WebId.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.62 proc_UpdateCachedNav

The `proc_UpdateCachedNav` stored procedure is called to update the navigation structure cache. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateCachedNav(
    @SiteId                          uniqueidentifier,
    Preliminary
Preliminary
```

[MW-SEUX3] — v20120630
Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database End-User Experience Communications Version 3 Protocol Specification

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Release: July 16, 2012
@WebId: uniqueidentifier,
@NavParentWebId: uniqueidentifier,
@CachedNavData: varbinary(max),
@CachedInheritedNavData: varbinary(max),
@CachedNavScopeData: nvarchar(max),
@NavParentCachedNavData: varbinary(max),
@NavParentCachedScopeData: nvarchar(max),
@CachedNavDirty: int,
@CachedDataVersion: int,
@NavParentCachedDataVersion: int,
@RequestGuid: uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.
@WebId: The site identifier for which the navigation structure cache is to be updated.
@NavParentWebId: The site identifier of the navigational parent site.
@CachedNavData: The node structure in binary data format from the navigation structure cache. The binary format is specified in section 2.2.5.1.
@CachedInheritedNavData: The node structure in binary data format from the navigational parent site.
@CachedNavScopeData: A string that specifies all the distinct security scope identifiers of all the navigation nodes of the site (2). Every element is included between single quotes and is separated by commas from the rest. The general format is specified as follows:

('Security Scope Identifier','Security Scope Identifier',<…>)

@NavParentCachedNavData: The node structure in binary data format of the cached navigation of the parent site.
@NavParentCachedScopeData: The string that contains all the distinct security scope identifiers of all the navigation nodes of the navigational parent site. The general format is specified as follows:

('Security Scope Identifier','Security Scope Identifier',<…>)

@CachedNavDirty: Specifies whether the navigation nodes contain outdated data. This MUST be 0.
@CachedDataVersion: The integer that defines the version of the cached data. This value MUST be equal to the current cached version for the navigational parent site specified by @WebId for an update to succeed. Each successful update increments the version by 1.
@NavParentCachedDataVersion: The integer that defines the version of the cached data for the navigational parent site. This value MUST be equal to the current cached version for the navigational parent site specified by @NavParentWebId for an update of the parent cache to succeed. Each successful update increments the version by 1.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: Returns an integer return code that MUST be in the following table:

Preliminary
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Successful completion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1150&quot;</td>
<td>Concurrency violation or an unknown error occurred. The cached data could not be updated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.63  proc_UpdateItemJunctionsCurrentVersion

The `proc_UpdateItemJunctionsCurrentVersion` stored procedure is called to update the UIVersion of a junction entry for a specific site collection, directory name, leaf name and level. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateItemJunctionsCurrentVersion(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @DirName nvarchar(256),
    @LeafName nvarchar(128),
    @NewUIVersion int,
    @Level tinyint = 1,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

- **@SiteId:** Specifies the site collection identifier of the site collection in which the subscribed-to event (2) exists.
- **@DirName:** Specifies the directory name of the subscribed event (2).
- **@LeafName:** Specifies the leaf name, or file name, of the subscribed event (2).
- **@NewUIVersion:** Specifies the integer to which the UI versions of junction entry specified by @SiteId, @DirName, @LeafName and @Level MUST be updated.
- **@Level:** Specifies the status of the document for the subscribed event (2). The value MUST be listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;255&quot;</td>
<td>Checked out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>Draft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>Publish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** Returns an integer that MUST be zero.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.
### 3.2.5.64 proc_UpdateListNavNode

The **proc_UpdateListNavNode** stored procedure is called to update the navigation node that represents a list (1) in the navigation structure of a site (2). The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateListNavNode(
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @ViewId                   uniqueidentifier,
    @Name                     nvarchar(256),
    @NavBarEid                int,
    @AddIfNotThere            bit,
    @UseRootFolderForNav      bit,
    @RequestGuid              uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

- **@SiteId**: The site collection identifier of the site collection.
- **@WebId**: The site identifier of the site (2) that contains the list (1) specified by **@ListId**.
- **@ListId**: The list identifier of the list (1) whose navigation node is to be updated.
- **@ViewId**: The identifier of the default list view of the list (1).
- **@Name**: The display name of the navigation node.
- **@NavBarEid**: The parent navigation node element identifier of the list (1) navigation node.
- **@AddIfNotThere**: A bit specifying whether to add a new navigation node if no corresponding navigation node exists. This value MUST be zero.
- **@UseRootFolderForNav**: A bit specifying whether to point the navigation node to the default list view of the list (1) or to the list’s (1) root folder. This value MUST be zero.
- **@RequestGuid**: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values**: Returns an integer return code that MUST be zero.

**Result Sets**: MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.5.65 proc_UpdateSchedSubscriptionTimes

The **proc_UpdateSchedSubscriptionTimes** stored procedure is called to update the next notification times of Scheduled Subscriptions that have already passed a specific date. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateSchedSubscriptionTimes(
    @EventTime         datetime,
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

- **@EventTime**: The UTC datetime of the event (2) relative to which the alert subscriptions are updated.
@RequestGuid: The optional request identifier for the current request.

Return Values: MUST return an integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.5.66 proc_UpdateUserResource

The proc_UpdateUserResource stored procedure is called to update an existing user resource string or add a user resource string if the resource does not exist. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```sql
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateUserResource (  
    @SiteId                   uniqueidentifier,  
    @WebId                    uniqueidentifier,  
    @ListId                   uniqueidentifier,  
    @ResourceName             nvarchar(520),  
    @ResourceCategory         int,  
    @BitType                  bit,  
    @BitDirty                 bit,  
    @LCID                     int,  
    @NVarCharVal              nvarchar(256),  
    @NtextVal                 nvarchar(max)
);  
```  

@SiteId: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

@WebId: The identifier of the site (2) that contains the user resource string. It MUST NOT be NULL.

@ListId: The identifier of the list (1) that contains the user resource string. If the resource string does not belong to a list (1), it MUST be an empty GUID. It MUST NOT be NULL.

@ResourceName: The name of the user resource string. It MUST NOT be NULL.

@ResourceCategory: The category of the user resource string. It MUST be one of the following values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Constraint on the @ResourceName</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;0&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is specified by the end user.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST begin with digit or alphabetic letter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is for the title of the site (2) specified by @WebId.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;_WebTitle&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;2&quot;</td>
<td>The resource string is for the description of the site (2) specified by @WebId.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;_WebDescription&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The resource string is for title of the list (1) specified by the @ListId.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;_ListTitle&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The resource string is for the description of the list (1) specified by the</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST be &quot;_ListDescription&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Constraint on the @ResourceName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>The resource string is for the title of a navigation node.</td>
<td>The value of @ResourceName MUST begin with string &quot;_NavNode&quot; and then be followed by the string representation of the navigation node element identifier. For example, if the navigation node element identifier is &quot;1002&quot;, its value MUST be &quot;_NavNode1002&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@BitType: Type of the resource as defined in user resource type (section 2.2.1.10)

@BitDirty: It MUST be NULL.

@LCID: The LCID for the user resource string specified by @NVarCharVal when @BitType is zero ("0") or @NtextVal when @BitType is "1". It MUST NOT be NULL.

@NVarCharVal: Value of the user resource string if @BitType is zero ("0"). It MUST be NULL if @BitType is "1".

@NtextVal: Value of the user resource string if @BitType is "1". It MUST be NULL if @BitType is zero ("0").

Return values: Returns an integer that MUST be zero.

Result Sets: MUST NOT return any result sets.

3.2.6 Timer Events

If the connection timeout event (2) is triggered, the stored procedure is terminated and the call fails.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

No other local events (2) impact the operation of this protocol.

3.3 WSSEUX Client Details

The front-end Web server acts as a client when it calls the back-end database server requesting execution of stored procedures.

3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.3.2 Timers

A connection timeout timer is set up on the front-end Web server to govern the total connection time for any requests to the back-end database server. The amount of time is governed by a timeout value configured on the front-end Web server for all back-end database server connections.

3.3.3 Initialization

The front-end Web server MUST validate the user making the request before calling the stored procedures. The site collection identifier and the user identifier for the user making the request are looked up by the front-end Web server before calling additional stored procedures.
3.3.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

The front-end Web server handles each stored procedure with the same processing method of calling the stored procedure and waiting for the Result Code and any result sets that are returned.

The front-end Web server can execute dynamically generated SQL queries against the stored procedures, or the tables and views used within the database. However, unless otherwise specified, any data addition, removal, or modification MUST occur only by calling the listed stored procedures. SQL queries MUST NOT attempt to add, remove, or update data in any table or view in the Content or Configuration databases, unless explicitly described in this section.

3.3.4.1 Fetch HTML Translate Cache Item

![Diagram of Fetch HTML Translate Cache Item](image)

Figure 2: Retrieve the HTML translate cache item

This sequence is called to fetch the item from the HTML translate cache for a document. Fetch HTML Translate Cache Item Sequence executes the following sequence of stored procedures:

1. Call `proc_HTGuidFromOrig`.
2. Process the `Translation Name` result set and get the translation name for the document.
3. Call `proc_HTGetFile` with the translation name obtained from step 2.

3.3.4.2 CreateNavigationNodeByDocId

![Diagram of CreateNavigationNodeByDocId](image)

This sequence is called to create a navigation node with a specified document ID.
CreateNavigationNodeByDocId is called to create a navigation node that points to an object (1) in the site (2). CreateNavigationNodeByDocId executes the following sequence of stored procedures:

1. Call `proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId`.
2. Process the output parameter `@EidBase`.
3. Call `proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByDocId`, passing in the identifier of the document and `@EidBase` obtained in step 2.

**3.3.4.3 CreateNavigationNodeByUrl**

CreateNavigationNodeByUrl is called for creating a navigation node that points to a URL. CreateNavigationNodeByUrl executes the following sequence of stored procedures:

1. Call `proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId`.
2. Process the output parameter `@EidBase`.
3. Call `proc_NavStructAddNewNodeByUrl` passing in the URL and `@EidBase`, which was obtained in step 2.
3.3.4.4 AddAndUpdateNavigationNode

Figure 5: AddAndUpdateNavigationNode operation

AddAndUpdateNavigationNode is called for creating and updating a navigation node in one transaction. AddAndUpdateNavigationNode executes the following sequence of stored procedures:

1. Call `proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId`.
2. Process the output parameter `@EidBase`.
3. Call `proc_AddWebNavStructNodeByUrl` or `proc_AddWebNavStructNodeByDocID` and `proc_PutWebNavStructNode` using `@EidBase`, which was obtained in step 2.

3.3.4.5 MoveNavigationNode

Figure 6: MoveNavigationNode operation

MoveNavigationNode is called for moving a navigation node. MoveNavigationNode executes the following sequence of stored procedures:

1. Call `proc_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId`.
2. Process the output parameter `@EidBase`.

3. Call `proc_NavStructMoveNode` passing in the identifier of the document and `@EidBase`, which was obtained in step 2.

### 3.3.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

### 3.3.6 Timer Events

If the connection timeout event (2) is triggered, the connection and the stored procedure call fails.

### 3.3.7 Other Local Events

No other local events (2) impact the operation of this protocol.
4 Protocol Examples

4.1 TreeView Operations

This example describes the requests made and responses returned between the front-end Web server and back-end database server when an end user expands tree nodes on the TreeView (section 3.2.1.6) of a site (2).

In this scenario, the site (2) contains a subsite and a document library containing folders.

1. When the client requests the information for the site (2), the front-end Web server gets the information of the subsites and the lists (1) in the site (2) by calling proc_GetWebAndChildrenNSInfo (section 3.2.5.27) to the back-end database server.

2. The back-end database server returns one SiteNSInfo result set containing the subsites of the expanded site (2) node and one ListNSInfo result set containing document libraries and lists (1) under the expanded site (2) node.

3. When the client requests information about the document library Node under the expanded site (2) node, the front-end Web server gets the information of the document library and its child objects (1) by calling proc_GetListAndChildrenNSInfo (section 3.1.4.21) to the back-end database server.

4. The back-end database server returns one ChildFoldersNSInfo result set containing the subfolders under the document library.

4.2 HTML Translate Cache

The front-end Web server inserts an item into the HTML translate cache by calling proc_HTCreateRow.

For fetching an item from the HTML translate cache for a document:

1. The front-end Web server first gets the name of the translated file by calling proc_HTGuidFromOrig.

2. It uses the translation name from the Translation Name result set, of the call to proc_HTGuidFromOrig, in the call to proc_HTGetFile to get the item.

4.3 Web Discussions Operations

4.3.1 Add a Comment

The front-end Web server adds a comment to a document by calling proc_AddDocComment.

4.3.2 Reply to a Comment

When the user replies to a comment, the front-end Web server calls proc_AddDocComment with the comment identifier that was returned in the AddDocComment result set as the @ParentId parameter.

4.3.3 Edit a Comment

When the user edits a comment, the front-end Web server calls proc_SetCommentAttribs.
4.3.4 Delete a Comment
Deleting a comment is accomplished by calling \texttt{proc\_DeleteDocComment}.

4.3.5 Enumerate All Comments in a Document
When the client requests all the comments of a document, the front-end Web server calls \texttt{proc\_GetDocComments} passing the store-relative URL of the document.

4.4 Navigation Structure

4.4.1 Create a Navigation Node to a URL
To create a navigation node, the front-end Web server calls \texttt{proc\_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId}.

The @EidBase that is returned is then passed to \texttt{proc\_NavStructAddNewNodeByUrl} to create the new navigation node.

4.4.2 Move a Navigation Node
To move a navigation node, the front-end Web server calls \texttt{proc\_NavStructAllocateEidBlockWebId}.

The @EidBase that is returned is then passed to \texttt{proc\_NavStructMoveNode} to move the navigation node.

4.4.3 Enumerate Navigation Nodes in a Site
A front-end Web server enumerates the navigation nodes in a site (2) by calling \texttt{proc\_GetWebNavStruct}.

4.5 User Resource String
This example describes the requests made by the front-end Web server to add/update translations in different languages for a user resource string.

1. The front-end Web server first gets the existing translations of a user resource string by making a call to \texttt{proc\_EnumResourceValuesforAllLangs}.

2. It looks at the result set, from the call to \texttt{proc\_EnumResourceValuesforAllLangs}, to determine if a resource needs translation based on the \texttt{BitDirty} column (1) in the result set.

3. For resources that need to be updated, it uses the same resource name and calls \texttt{proc\_UpdateUserResource} with the corresponding language to add/update the translation of the user resource string.

4.5.1 Add a User Resource String
To add a user resource string, the front-end Web server calls \texttt{proc\_AddUserResource}.

4.5.2 Update a User Resource String
To update a user resource string, the front-end Web server calls \texttt{proc\_UpdateUserResource}.
5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

The database access account used by the front-end Web server must have access to the appropriate content database on the back-end database server. If the account does not have the correct access rights, access will be denied when attempting to set up the connection, as described in [MS-TDS], to the content database, or when calling the stored procedures.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

This protocol uses the security parameters that are specified in the [MS-WSSFO2] protocol document.
6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft® SharePoint® Foundation 2013 Preview
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2008 R2 SP1
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2012

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.2.1.4: Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 treats the values of 2 and 4 in the same manner

<2> Section 2.2.4.3: Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 does not honor this return value. It hides the Navigation Nodes based on the permissions of the user

<3> Section 3.2.5.1: If the Web discussion comment corresponding to the @ParentId does not exist, then the server in Windows SharePoint Services v2.0 and v3.0 sets this parameter to zero ("0").

<4> Section 3.2.5.1.1: Windows SharePoint Services v2.0 and v3.0 tries to add the Web discussion comment 10 times with a different value for Id each time. If it was successful it returns zero and the result set contains the successfully inserted values. If the server fails to add the comment, the server returns an error code other than zero and the result set contains the values that it tried to insert in the final attempt.

<5> Section 3.2.5.30.3: Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 does not honor this return value. It hides the Navigation Nodes based on the permissions of the user

<6> Section 3.2.5.36: The client in Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 creates a unique Translation Name for each file. Thus there is only one row (3) corresponding to a SiteId, DirName, LeafName in the table.

<7> Section 3.2.5.44: Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 does not honor this parameter. It hides the Navigation Nodes based on the permissions of the user.
7 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.
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